

Employers, Attention!

If you have a job open for a returned soldier, see the official list of applications for jobs printed at the head of the Employment Wanted Column of today's Post-Dispatch, or consult the Demobilization Bureau for Placement of Soldiers, Sailors and Marines, 110 N. 9th street. Telephone Olive 7240.

VOL. 71. NO. 340.

SEVEN REPUBLICAN SENATORS DRAW UP PROPOSALS FOR FOUR RESERVATIONS

Spencer, McCumber, McNary, Colt, Kellogg, Cummins and Lenroot Agree on Resolutions to Be Presented to Democrats, Who, They Hope, Will Accept Them.

WILSON HOLDS THEY ARE UNNECESSARY

President Confers With Senator Watson and With Democratic Senators — Protocol Annexed to Treaty Presented to Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—There is much informal discussion among Senators of the program of four reservations agreed on yesterday by the league of nations. These Senators, who are understood to have secured their reservations under the name of Senators McCumber of North Dakota, and McNary of Oregon, believed they had found the middle ground insuring acceptance of the league with qualifications to afford further safeguard national interests.

Senator Fall of Mexico spoke in the Senate on the league during the day and Senator Watson, Republican of Louisiana, had an appointment to confer with President Wilson regarding the treaty.

The President also had engagements with three Democratic Senators, Baughman, Alabama, Pittman and Henderson, Nevada. Representatives Heflin, Darrow, Nolan, Hughes and O'Connor were to see Mr. Wilson in the afternoon.

Protocol Before Senate. The protocol to the German peace treaty, defining explanations of the treaty, agreed to in memoranda exchanged between the German and allied plenipotentiaries, was laid before the Senate today by Vice-President Marshall. The documents were transmitted yesterday by President Wilson, but too late for submission before today. The protocol was accompanied by explanatory letters from President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. The protocol and the correspondence were referred to the Foreign Relations Committee.

It was made known today at the White House that the protocol included the agreement that the German treaty shall come into force upon its ratification by three of the associated Powers and Germany.

Great Britain and Germany already have ratified the treaty and as soon as it shall have been approved by two other of the associated nations it will take effect as war as those four countries are concerned, permitting the immediate resumption of full diplomatic and trade relations.

The protocol reached the Senate yesterday too late to be laid before today. It will be taken up today in executive session and later made public.

Among the provisions in the protocol is one requiring the German Government to transmit to the allied and associated Governments within one month after the treaty becomes effective a list of persons who are accused of having committed acts in violation of the laws and customs of war.

Another paragraph provides for the appointment of a commission to supervise the destruction of the German fortifications on Heligoland in accordance with the German treaty.

Provision is also made that "proceedings be taken against persons who committed punishable offenses in the liquidation of German property in the allied countries and the protocol says the allied and associated Powers will welcome information or evidence the German Government can furnish on this subject."

Of the day's developments the agreement of the seven Republicans attracted perhaps the widest attention at the Capitol. For several weeks Senators of that party who desire to see the league accepted have been shaping a reservation program designed to further protect national interests without weakening vitally the league covenant. The result of their work was a group of four reservations relating to the powers of Congress under article 16, the Monroe Doctrine, national control of domestic problems and the right of withdrawal.

Spencer Among the Seven. The seven who gave their assent to these reservations in the phraseology agreed on were Senators McCumber of North Dakota, a member

PEPPER AND SALT WON'T OVERCOME RED HOODOO DUST

One Negress Says Other Tried to Cast an Evil Spell Over Her.

Pepper and salt placed in her shoes to overcome a "hoodoo," resulted only in blistering the soles of her feet. Fannie Stewart, a negress, testified yesterday in Justice Kane's court, East St. Louis, in prosecuting Liza Jane Hunter, charged with disturbing Mrs. Stewart's peace by attempting to cast an evil spell over her.

Mrs. Stewart said when she returned home she found a mystic trail of red dust laid across her gate. "I tropped it down before I crossed it," she said, "but I found out that woman had spread it all over the place. Everywhere I went around that house I found that hoodoo dust. When I tripped and fell down in the yard and nearly broke my neck, I knew what caused it."

Mrs. Hunter denied that she put the dust there or that she had any supernatural powers. "Fehaw, Judge, if I could hoodoo anybody, I guess these people wouldn't be here prosecuting me," she said. "No sir, I would have made every one of them drop dead before they started up here to court."

Alexander Flannigan, her lawyer, said that impressed him as being as sound an argument as he could make, and he rested the case. Justice Kane announced that he would take it under advisement, and observed that he probably would render a decision "about Christmas."

SPEEDER PLEADS GUILTY AND IS FINED \$1, ALL BY PHONE

East St. Louis Man, Too Busy to Appear, Calls Up Magistrate.

Louis Wiseman of East St. Louis, who was arrested for speeding, entered a plea of guilty to Magistrate Beineke's court by telephone yesterday.

"This is Louis Wiseman of East St. Louis, who is charged with speeding, and I'm so busy I can't get away," said the East St. Louisan over the telephone.

"Well, what have you to say to the charge?" asked Beineke. "Guilty," said Wiseman.

"One dollar and costs," responded Beineke.

Wiseman said he would forward a check for the fine and costs.

John Lamb was arrested twice in five minutes and "was fined \$1 in each case by Justice Wangelin. He was first charged with using his cut-out and then with disturbing the peace by continued sounding of his horn.

BASEBALL PITCHER SAYS HE LOST 7 POUNDS DURING GAME

Charge of Violating Auto Light Law Against Lee Dismissed.

The plea of Lee Meadows, former Cardinals' pitcher, that he lost seven pounds during a game in which he defeated the Cardinals at the Philadelphia baseball team Wednesday, was so effective at Clayton yesterday that Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Brooks dismissed a charge of violating the automobile headlight law.

Meadows was arrested near Carsonville Wednesday night because there was one out. The one in question was a headlight on his automobile. He told Brooks he was out driving with his wife, and did not notice the light was extinguished.

LORD WILL LEAD KAISER OUT OF DARK VALLEY, SAYS HIS WIFE

Former Empress Writes Viceroy at Wilhelmshof That Deposed Ruler Is Bearing His Burden.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The former German Empress in the course of a letter to the Viceroy of Christ Church at Wilhelmshof says: "The Kaiser is bearing his burden, but the Lord will lead him out of the dark valley."

The former Empress adds that the former Kaiser is well, except for a bad cold, and that she also is well.

MUNICIPAL FREE BAND CONCERT TONIGHT

7:30 to 10 o'clock; Fairground Park, Bauer's Band.

In Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch

The Real Story of that American "Mutiny" in Russia—Lieut. Crosby, who commanded a battalion of the troops, tells for the first time just what happened.

Europe Not Wholly Crushed by the War—An optimistic view of conditions by an American expert who does not think the world is going to smash.

Twenty-Four Hours Inside the German Lines—A hitherto untold story of the great adventure of a member of the Thirty-Fifth Division.

Is This Missouri the Oldest Man in the World?—A very interesting story about a man who is certainly 118 and who may be 130.

Order Your Copy Today

CZECHO-SLOVAKS, HEROES OF SIBERIA, PASS THROUGH CITY

First Trains Arrive With Men Going Home After Five Years Fighting Austria-Hungary.

COUNTRYMEN WAIT HOURS WITH GREETING

Distribute Packages Bought With \$10,000 Fund—Parade Called Off—Plan to Pay Men Here Miscarries.

One thousand Czecho-Slovak soldiers, on their way home from Russia, passed through St. Louis this morning, en route from the Pacific coast to Norfolk, Va., from where they will embark. They left five years ago as soldiers and subjects of Austria-Hungary, and will return, after having circled the globe, as free citizens of a country greater now than either Austria or Hungary.

The first contingent, of 500 officers and men, arrived here at 2 a. m., and remained two hours. The second train arrived at 8:45. There are two more trains, each containing about 600, to pass through here during the day. All are given refreshments at the Red Cross canteen in the railroad yards at Union Station.

Romantic Story of War.

The adventures of the army of which these men are a part comprise one of the great romantic stories of the war. Unwilling to fight for their oppressors, they deserted to the Russians in great numbers, and became a part of the Russian army. When the Russian army collapsed, the Czecho-Slovaks remained unaffected, and continued to fight the Austrians until deprived of all support. They then made their way eastward, fighting frequently with the Red Guard, traversed Siberia, and finally reached Vladivostok, from which they were sent across the Pacific.

The first contingent which arrived here today was commanded by Col. Allen Smith Jr., of Thirty-second United States Infantry.

Thousands Await Train Arrival.

The heroes of one of the most remarkable military campaigns ever undertaken by any country were accorded a tremendous ovation by more than 1000 of their countrymen—men, women and children—who had patiently stood on the Eighteenth street bridge for three hours awaiting their arrival.

As the train drew in sight down the yards the soldiers could be seen by the flickering of switch lamps leaning far out of the car windows, waving their caps in response to the shouts of "Welcome" and "welcome."

As the train stopped at the canteen the Bohemian Red Cross women of St. Louis, who were at the canteen to assist the regular force under Mrs. Frank V. Hammer's personal direction, ran along the train, shaking hands with the men and repeating the welcome phrase.

\$10,000 Given for Comfort. The thirteen work for men differed from that for returning St. Louis men in that there were huge boxes of additional good things distributed with the regular box lunches and coffee of the Red Cross.

Czecho-Slovaks residing in St. Louis had long looked wistfully forward to the arrival of these soldiers and had contributed more than \$10,000 to supply them with little comforts.

Each man was given a package ranging in value from \$3 to \$30, containing among other things a shirt, a pair of trousers, underwear, socks and handkerchiefs.

No Parade to Be Given. None of the soldiers paraded here, although the local committee had made arrangements for one. Col. Vladimir Hurlin of the Czecho-Slovak Commission at Washington explained that the War Department had issued an order not to allow them more liberty than to alight from the trains at different stations and yards.

"The men have undergone terrible hardships," Col. Hurlin explained, "and are eager to get home. We want to see every one of them gratified with early embarkation."

A more rugged lot of soldiers were never seen in St. Louis. Under the regime just ended they resided in what was Moravia, Bohemia, Silesia and Slovakia, but were all Czecho-Slovak and purpose, save for a few Russians who joined them after the Russian revolution to fight the Bolsheviks.

From 24 to 75 Years Old. Their ages ranged from 24 to 75, and almost all of them had been wounded. There was not one reported ill, though several who had been more severely wounded were unable to leave the train or remained aboard on the advice of the medical officer on each train.

After the Red Cross women had distributed the packages, the men were taken to the hotel where they will remain until they can be transported to Norfolk.

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The President forwarded to Senator Cummins and Representative Esch, chairmen respectively of the Senate and House Interstate Commerce Committees, the proposal made originally by Director-General Hines and asked that provision be made for representation of both labor and the public on the body.

The President also directed that, in its legislation, that if wage increases are allowed under its award, it should be mandatory on the ratemaking authority to increase railroad rates enough to meet the advances.

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The Chicago district alone more than 100,000 men are directly affected, according to union officials, and they claimed that all the men had quit work.

Increased wages, requested of the Federal Railroad Administration the first of the year, is the issue of the strike. The men want 85 cents an hour for mechanics and 60 cents for helpers. Present wages, according to the union men, are 68 cents and 46 cents for the two classes.

"We made this request the first of the year," explained Secretary Saunders. "We were promised a settlement by July 1. Still it was postponed until July 28. But the question was not determined."

Strikes to Be Orderly. Saunders asserted that the strike would be orderly, that no violence would be tolerated by the organization, and that the demands were made solely for the purpose of getting a living wage for the shopmen.

"At 65 cents an hour a man has little chance these days to raise a family and provide a decent home for wife and children," said Saunders. "The 46 cents which helps have been receiving made this practically impossible."

The strikers include machinists, boilermakers and car repairers. The men who are organized make a demand for an increase in wages and improved working conditions several weeks ago and have been negotiating with Director of Railroads Hines at Washington. Officers of the union who are now in Washington are said to have telegraphed local leaders yesterday that their demands probably would be granted today and asked them to return to their homes.

Despite this information, it is said a call for a strike was issued in the Chicago district today by John D. Saunders, secretary of the Federated Shopmen's Union.

Shopmen's Union Has 4000 Members Here: All Said to Be Working. The national name of the Federated Shopmen's Union is "The Railway Employees' Department of the American Federation of Labor." Each trunk line coming into St. Louis has a federation, and 4500 men would be affected by the strike in this city.

Local officials of the Missouri Pacific and Terminal Railroad Federations said they had not heard of any strike order and that the men were all at work today as usual.

30,000 Shopmen Out in 16 Railroads in Southern States. ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 1.—Approximately 30,000 shopmen employed on 16 railroads in the Southeastern States went on strike today in accordance with a resolution adopted at a convention of the shopmen of this district, held in Atlanta last month.

POLISH PARLIAMENT RATIFIES TREATY AND MINORITY PACT. By the Associated Press. PARIS, Aug. 1.—The Polish Parliament yesterday ratified the German treaty and also the treaty for the protection of minorities by a vote of 245 to 41.

RAILWAY SHOPMEN GO ON STRIKE FOR INCREASED WAGES

Nationwide Walkout Called Today by Federated Union After Demands Are Unanswered.

100,000 AFFECTED IN CHICAGO DISTRICT

Secretary Announces There Will Be No Violence; Says Men Can't Live on Present Pay.

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ARMY FOOD TOO HIGH TO RELIEVE POOR, SAYS MAYOR

Commissioner Thomas Reports That Municipality Now Buys at Wholesale Cheaper Than U. S. Prices.

FIGURES FURNISHED BY ARSENAL OFFICER

No Saving Is Seen at Present in Buying Surplus Military Provisions for Resale at Cost.

Mayor Kiel said today that he does not see at this time that the city can relieve the high cost of living by availing itself of Secretary Baker's proposal to allow Mayors of cities to buy surplus army food for distribution to residents.

He based his opinion on the report to him of City Supply Commissioner Thomas that the War Department is asking a higher price for its provisions than the city now is paying to wholesalers.

However, the Mayor determined to go further into the matter and for that purpose appointed Comptroller Nolte, Supply Commissioner Thomas and City Counselor Daves to make an exhaustive investigation of the feasibility and profit of the plan for report to him, Nolte to deal with the financial aspects, Thomas with the practical and Daves with the legal.

Commissioner Thomas has made cursory examination of benefits of the plan and from prices given to him yesterday by Lieut. V. R. Jones, who has charge of the disposition of surplus army food through the Arsenal here, obtained prices for comparison with what the city pays. Following is the comparison:

No Bacon Here. However, the apparent cheapness of the Government price on bacon is wiped out by the fact that the Government price is not delivered. In the case of bacon, the Government has none in St. Louis and in case of purchased meat, it is brought from Camp Taylor, Ky. Thomas said he believed the Government price would equal if not exceed the city price delivered. All other Government prices do not contemplate delivery.

Mayor Kiel said he did not see how the city could handle the food once bought, except through the establishment of a store. In that event, he gave it as his opinion that the overhead would be so great as to render the ultimate cost to the householder approaching if not reaching the price now paid to retailers. He said that the city has undertaken the role of retailer in the municipal coal yards and had lost money. In the event the food was to be disposed by the city, the Mayor said, authority must be granted in a special ordinance, as was done in the coal distribution.

Anxious to Help, Says Mayor. "I am anxious to do whatever I can to relieve the high cost of food," Kiel said, "and to that end I am instructed that the inquiry now started shall be minute."

The Post-War Improvement Association has requested the Mayor, by letter to advocate the passage of an ordinance appropriating \$3000 to buy Government food and offer it for sale at the municipal curb markets. The association also requested Representative Igoe to insist that Congress investigate the high cost of living.

GERMANS PUBLISH DOCUMENTS RELATING TO LAST PEACE OFFER

"White Book" Tells of Events From Aug. 13 to Signing of Armistice, Nov. 11.

By the Associated Press. BERLIN, Thursday, July 31.—A "white book" was published at Weimar today containing all the documents relating to the period from Aug. 13 to Nov. 11, last, dealing with the peace offer of the German Government and the armistice.

In a preface the Government says it decided upon publication of the document because the people want to know the truth.

NEW TRADE TREATY BETWEEN U. S. AND BRITAIN REPORTED

London Evening News Says Foreign Office Has Completed Negotiations With America.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, Aug. 1.—The British Foreign Office has completed negotiations with the United States, according to the Evening News, for a new commercial treaty between the United States and the United Kingdom.

The text will be laid before Parliament soon, it is said.

By the Associated Press. SEOUL, Korea, July 7.—An extraordinary attempt of 11 Koreans to commit suicide by tying themselves together with a rope and then jumping overboard is reported from the treaty port of Chemulpo, about 25 miles southwest of Seoul. The incident occurred on a ferryboat running between Chemulpo and a nearby island. Three were drowned.

The act is believed to have been inspired by Buddhist superstition.

Are you going to the Theater or Service tonight? If so, see Page 13.

CABINET COMMITTEE CONSIDERING MEANS OF REDUCING PRICES

MILK PRICE ADVANCED ONE CENT TO 15 CENTS A QUART

Similar Increase on Aug. 1, 1918, Brought About Strike of Consumers and Federal Investigations.

Milk distributors of St. Louis today advanced the price to 15 cents a quart. A year ago today, when the price was increased from 13 cents to 14 cents, there was a storm of protest. An emergency committee was appointed by Mayor Kiel. The St. Louis Committee of the National Food Administration began an investigation. A milk strike by some customers, which reduced the consumption 7000 gallons a day, compelled the distributors to drop back to 13 cents.

The advance today was one cent a quart from the July price of 14 cents. This makes an increase of 2 cents since June 30. There was an advance of 1 cent July 1. Pints are still selling at 9 cents, the price charged since July 1, when it was advanced from 8 cents.

John P. Cabanne, vice president of the St. Louis Dairy Company, said that today's advance was due to an increase on the part of the producers and to increased wages and cost of supplies. He asserted the Southern Illinois Milk Producers' Association, from which the St. Louis distributors receive their supply, is "master of the situation, so far as the fixing of prices is concerned."

Producers Increase Price. "The retailers have been compelled to raise the price because the producers have increased the price to us," he said. "We are making contracts from month to month and the prices are constantly increasing. In June we considered ourselves fortunate in being able to get a two-months contract, agreeing to pay 33 per 100 pounds for milk. When we

signed up for August the producers arbitrarily increased the price to \$3.10 a hundred pounds. "Compare that price with the \$2.75 per hundred pounds we paid in August, 1918, when we found it necessary to ask 14 cents a quart retail. In July, 1918, we paid 13 cents a hundred pounds. In June of this year the producers charged us \$2.75 a hundred pounds as compared with \$1.80 in June, 1918."

"The unionizing of our drivers has added to the expense of distribution. We have signed a wage scale, effective Sept. 1, whereby drivers getting a fixed salary of \$30 a month and commissions on extra sales which brought their compensation to an average of \$115 a month will get a minimum fixed salary of \$29 a week and commissions which will run the average driver's salary to \$140 a month."

Another Advance Predicted. "The farmers are telling us that the increased cost of feed and labor will mean further advance on the part of the producers. They are now getting \$3.52 a hundred pounds from the distributors in Chicago, which is 42 cents a hundred in excess of our August contract price. It is reasonable to presume that if the producers can get that much in Chicago they will try to get it in St. Louis."

In 1916 the St. Louis distributors were making a profit selling milk at 8 cents a quart. A gallon of milk then cost the distributor 11 cents. The Southern Illinois Milk Producers' Association had not been formed at that time.

'BIG 5 TREATY' WITH POLAND PRESENTED

Lodge Puts Document Into Record; Also Text of Rhine District "Agreement."

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—A copy of a treaty between the "big five" Powers and Poland, said to have been signed at Versailles on June 28, was put into the Senate record today by Chairman Lodge of the Foreign Relations Committee, who said it had been submitted to the British Parliament two weeks ago.

The text of the agreement between President Wilson and the representatives of the other big Powers for government of the Rhine district also was presented by Senator Lodge, who said he had received a copy privately after the document had been presented to the British Parliament.

PRISONER ESCAPES BY DIVING UNDER STREET CAR

Max Forensky, 19 years old, charged with forgery, dived under a street car at Eighteenth and Market streets at 9:30 a. m. today and escaped from Deputy Sheriff J. F. Burnett, who was taking him from Chicago to Tulsa, Ok. However, he left \$433 in Burnett's possession, more than enough to repay those who allege he defrauded them.

Burnett and Forensky had been to a restaurant on Market street opposite the Union Station, for breakfast, and Burnett had received the handcuffs. A westbound street car stopped at Eighteenth, and Forensky ran and dived under the middle of it, at the compressed air tank. Burnett ran around to the other side, but an automobile got in his way, and when he got clear Forensky had disappeared. He had either crawled to the other side or backed out the way he started. The car started forward almost immediately.

KOREANS ATTEMPT TO END LIVES

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general talk, lasting nearly three hours, the conference disbanded. Those attending the conference included Secretaries Glass, Houston, Bedford and Wilson, Director-General Hines, Chairman Murdock of the Federal Trade Commission, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Leffingwell and W. B. Colver of the Federal Trade Commission.

It developed that demands for more wages were pending before the Railroad Administration from several hundred thousand employees. Perhaps the frankest talk which Government officials have heard in a long time came in this connection in the statement of President Lee of the Trainmen before the Wage and Adjustment Board. Until all classes get together to stop "protesting," he said, the only thing for every one to do is to get all the wages he can. A course which he declared would result eventually in prosecuting the "upheaval" now starting the country in the face.

As a step toward breaking the high prices, plans are being made by Secretary Baker, Postmaster General Burleson and Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania to sell through the parcel post surplus army foodstuffs valued at \$124,000,000.

In response to questions, Palmer admitted that there was no law by which prices could be lowered directly, but he declined to say whether new legislation was needed to enable the department to punish men who may be guilty of profiteering.

"There is a great deal of good law on the statute books," the Attorney-General declared.

When a course of action is decided upon, the Federal Trade Commission is understood to be ready to supply the most extensive collection of industrial information ever gathered by any government. Production cost figures have been obtained by the commission on industries representing \$30,000,000,000 worth of capital, as the result of its activities during the war in advising the Government what prices to pay for the millions of dollars of purchases made by it. For this reason it is believed the commission is ready to urge that further investigations which seem to be foreshadowed by resolutions pending in Congress would only muddle the situation.

The commission's investigations during the war, all of which dealt only with the most authoritative information derived from the books of companies involved, are said to have shown that profiteering was at a minimum in the retail trades, most of the exorbitant profits which are being made going to the manufacturers and wholesalers. As a remedy, the commission generally is understood to favor a licensing system for corporations doing an interstate business, the system to be applied first in those cases where the mulcting of the public has been most flagrant.

Answering questions before the Wage Board, President Lee of the trainmen said he did not believe in giving any one class advantages at the expense of another, but said as long as present methods continue he believed in everybody getting his share. He declined to suggest how prices could be reduced, saying the country was paying millions of dollars to the men on the hill (captives) who are supposed to have all the brains in the country and they are not acting to stop the increases.

Cites Winnipeg Experiences. Asked what would be his opinion as to wage rates based on present food prices, if the price level should decline materially, Lee said he did not feel justified in going into the question, but asked to be allowed to tell of his experiences in the recent strike at Winnipeg, where he said he found conservative, home-owning members of his organization throwing away all they had gained in 25 years of membership and joining the general strike, because, they said, "to hell with all this; we can't stand it any more. Come with us and we will correct it."

Lee said they could not make contracts for the future, not knowing what tomorrow would bring forth. He declared he could not justify the fact that wheat was \$2.25 in this country and flour perhaps \$14 a barrel, when flour made from the same grade of grain sells in England for \$3.11.

"I want, if possible, to see some plan devised here that will permit somebody to say that beef, pork and commodities of that kind cannot go above a certain per cent," Lee said. Lee also expressed emphatic disapproval of "cost plus" make contracts by which, he said, owners of inferior factories had obtained fine plants and big profits at the expense of the taxpayers.

Tons of Butter and Other Foods Hoarded in Baltimore. By the Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.—State and city officials were amazed today to learn that hundreds of thousands of

REDUCTION IN SHOES PREDICTED LATE IN 1920

But National Association Says
Prices Will Be Higher
Next Spring.

Prices for shoes next spring will be higher than the present price and no decline can be expected before autumn, 1920, is the statement contained in resolutions pledging support to do its utmost to combat advances, passed by the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Association in New York on July 24.

Copies of the resolution have been brought back to St. Louis by N. McKelvey of the McKelvey-Shoe Co., E. McCarthy of the Brown Shoe Co., John Ritchie of the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co. and W. E. Baird and F. C. Rand of the International Shoe Co.

A portion of the resolution follows: "The shoe manufacturers of the United States are not in sympathy with the unprecedented advances which have taken place in hides, leather and shoes during the past six months, and it is the sense of this meeting that each one of us should do his utmost to curb and check the advancing market, and discourage all buying of a speculative character, both among manufacturers and merchants."

No Quick Relief. "The present prices of raw material are nearly double the prices current six months ago, and are wholly beyond wartime or any other experience, and have now made necessary prices for shoes far above any with which the trade is yet acquainted. We know of nothing which can quickly relieve the present temporary scarcity of materials or bring about lower prices for shoes for the coming fall trade. Shoes sold in the spring of 1920 must bring still higher prices, based on the present established prices of leather and labor. These are both excessive, far beyond any past experience."

"The cause for this situation is easily to be discovered. The stocks on the shelves of the merchants have been depleted by the lessened production made necessary by wartime conditions. The increased price so far established has not checked in any way the steadily increasing demand from the consumer. Shoe manufacturers are struggling to meet the increasingly large requirements of their trade have suddenly found themselves in competition with leather buyers from Europe, seeking supplies for countries closed for several years by the war. The actual and legitimate shortage of supplies has led to the bidding up of prices by these competitive buyers to the present unheard-of and unprecedented level."

Must Restrict Purchases. "Extreme conservatism is, therefore, demanded from all branches of the trade. Equilibrium of the market can be restored if manufacturers and merchants will follow the dicta of common sense, but all purchases far in advance of actual needs, or buying quantities in excess of those actually needed for reasonable goods must stop."

"While this, or any other policy, may not reduce the cost of shoes for the next six months, there is no warrant for the assumption that the tide now so rapidly rising will not ebb, or that relief in some form will not come during the latter part of the year 1920."

pounds of butter, more than 12,000,000 eggs and a corresponding amount of other foodstuffs are in storage in Baltimore alone and that the amount being stored has been increasing of late.

"The increased amount of foodstuffs recently placed in storage here has just come to my attention, and I am utterly amazed at the figures," said Gov. Harrington. "This knowledge but increases my determination to do everything possible to bring to bear the power of State, or failing that, the Federal Government, to break the holding up of prices on foodstuffs."

Army Bacon at 34 Cents Finds Many Ready Buyers. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 1.—Smoked bacon at 34 cents a pound and canned tomatoes at 134 cents a can found scores of ready buyers yesterday when excess army supplies purchased by the city were offered for sale at a large department store. The supplies were sold at prices paid by the Government.

Weekly Offers on Straight Wheat Flour to Be Received. By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The United

Czecho-Slovak Troops Eating Lunch on Arrival Here Today



States Grain Corporation has announced that, beginning Aug. 5, it will receive weekly offerings on the floor of the National Grain Exchange with the terms and conditions of "its four purchase plan" of July 7.

Nebraska House for Special Session

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 1.—The Lower House of the Nebraska Legislature last evening by a vote of 53 to 34 adopted a resolution requesting Gov. McKelvie, immediately at the close of the present special session to call an extraordinary session of the Legislature to find means for dealing with food profiteers and to devise means for lowering high living costs.

CZECHO-SLOVAKS, HEROES OF SIBERIA, PASS THROUGH CITY

Continued From Page One.

served the men, the crowd on the bridge was allowed to descend to the yards. Civilians rushed into the arms of the grizzled warriors and while some wept, others danced around on another shouting "nazdar brati" (welcome brothers). "The Bees," a local organization of Czecho-Slovak women, presented a large, hand-made silk flag to the first contingent at 2 a. m. It was the flag of the new republic, white above red, with the initials "C. S. N." for "Czecho-Slovak Nationality," elaborately embroidered in the center. From the pole was wide white ribbon bearing the words, "Commemorating the Bohemian Revolution of 1918." The pole was surrounded by four interlocking rings symbolic of the four States composing Czecho-Slovakia—Moravia, Bohemia, Silesia and Slovakia. The flag was received on behalf of the troops by Col. Hurbín.

Present New Band Instruments.

The Czecho-Slovak men of St. Louis presented the soldiers with six new band instruments, in response to a suggestion in a telegram that there were many musicians among the soldiers, but they had no instruments.

The things to eat consisted of jelly tarts, cakes of all kinds, sandwiches of all kinds, fruits and soft drinks, enough for twice the number of men. Incidentally the 500 men of the first contingent consumed about 80 gallons of Red Cross coffee, more than twice the amount ever served to a like number of men.

Most of the men were clad in the uniform of the Russian army, which they said were given them by the people of the Ukraine in the memorable campaign against the Bolsheviks.

PROPOSAL TO PAY VISITORS \$40,000 HERE MISCARRIES

Col. Vladimir Hurbín of the Czecho-Slovak Commission at Washington, arrived here at 3:30 p. m. yesterday to greet and pay the 200 Czecho-Slovak soldiers who are passing through here today on their way to embark at Norfolk, Va., for their native country.

He brought \$40,000 in drafts issued by the National City Bank at Washington, on the Mercantile Trust Co. of this city. He had arranged by telegram for the bank to remain open and when he arrived he met by Maj. George W. Simmons of the Red Cross, who accompanied him to the bank.

The money had been kept out of the vault for Col. Hurbín, but the bank would not honor the drafts. Col. Hurbín said to a Post-Dispatch reporter that he was told at the bank that they were not familiar with the signature of the treasurer of the National City Bank and could not honor the drafts for this reason. Col. Hurbín persisted that the men ought to be paid, stating that they were entitled to it.

"I was greatly disappointed at my failure to get the money," said Col. Hurbín, "as I came here especially to pay the men. I do not comprehend such treatment."

Edward Buder, vice president of the Mercantile Trust Co., today said,

Czecho-Slovak Soldiers Tell of Their Experiences

"Modest Violet," 75 Years Old, Marched 3000
Miles in Various Campaigns
During War.

With the assistance of Charles F. Jernabek, 1747A Preston place, a St. Louisan of Bohemian descent, who served as interpreter, a Post-Dispatch reporter was enabled to converse with the Czecho-Slovak soldiers who arrived in St. Louis today.

One of the weather-beaten campaigners was Private Nicholas Flala, 75 years old, who is about 6 feet 2 inches tall and weighs 200 pounds. He fought through the Russian, Serbian and Siberian campaigns against the Germans and Austrians, and marched 3000 miles across Siberia to Vladivostok.

As one man expressed it, Flala, which translated means violet, was the heartiest, happiest man throughout the terrible hardships encountered by this courageous little band against overwhelming odds of Bolsheviks and Germans in a strange country. He is said to be as modest as the flower whose name he bears, and has steadfastly declined to be interviewed anywhere on the trip.

Private Joseph Mayer, 40 years old, of Kutnahora, Bohemia, a telephone operator in the Austrian army at the outbreak of the war. His comrades said that he was stationed at the headquarters on the Russian front, and purposely confused orders over the telephone that enabled the entire Nineteenth Division, composed solely of Czechs, to desert to the Russian army in the early part of 1918. He was gassed in the enterprise, and was blind for three months.

After fighting with the Russians for a while most of the men from this division were sent to the Serbian front, and thence back to the Russians.

Gathered at Rendezvous. When the Czechs saw the impending Russian revolution, they got word to all of their race in the Russian army, and assembled at a rendezvous, 60,000 strong, after the peace of Brest-Litovsk, and started their march through Ukraine to Siberia, intending to come to America, and then embark for the battle front in France.

Col. Vladimir Hurbín, who was the first to leave the front, obtained permission from Lenin, head of the Bolshevik Government, to pass through Siberia unarmed. They were not molested for the first few days, were suddenly attacked one night by the Bolsheviks, but the Russian people saved them by giving them arms and ammunition.

tellers waited with the money to cash the drafts until 8 p. m. yesterday, but when the drafts were presented by the Czecho-Slovak Colonel it was found they were issued by the United Trust Co. of Washington on the National City Bank of New York.

While the New York bank is a correspondent of the Mercantile Trust Co., the Washington bank is not and Buder said that therefore the soldiers were unfamiliar with the signature of the treasurer of that bank and under banking practice the drafts could not be cashed.

Maj. Simmons urged that the drafts be cashed, Buder said, but was unwilling to assure this by putting his endorsement on them.

PROF. F. W. TAUSIG QUILTS AS HEAD OF TARIFF COMMISSION

He is Native of St. Louis and Has Relatives Here—Educated at Harvard.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The resignation of Prof. F. W. Tausig as chairman of the United States Tariff Commission was accepted today by President Wilson.

Frank William Tausig was appointed head of the Tariff Commission Jan. 6, 1917. He was born in

St. Louis and was educated at Harvard, where he was on the faculty as Professor of Political Economy at the time he accepted the position in Washington. He has written extensively on the tariff. He has a number of relatives here.

During the first six months of 1919 the Post-Dispatch printed 13,201 Musical "Wants"—1902 more than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers combined.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULTZER.

Published Daily by the Pulitzer Publishing Co., Twelfth and Olive Streets.

Member Audit Bureau of Circulations.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

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By Carrier in St. Louis and Suburbs: Daily, 5 cents. Sunday, 2 cents. Entered as second-class matter July 17, 1870, at the Postoffice at St. Louis, Mo., under No. 1270. Kinloch, Central 6900.

TEXT OF PROTOCOL TO THE PEACE TREATY

Provides for Proceedings Against
Offenders in Liquidation of
German Property.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The text of the protocol to the German peace treaty presented yesterday by President Wilson and laid before the Senate today, is as follows:

"With a view to indicating precisely the conditions in which certain provisions of the treaty of even date with the high contracting parties that:

"(1) A commission will be appointed by the principal allied and associated Powers to supervise the destruction of the fortifications of Heligoland in accordance with the treaty. This commission will be authorized to decide what portion of the works protecting the coast from sea erosion are to be maintained and what portion must be destroyed."

"(2) Sums reimbursed by Germany to German nationals to indemnify them in the respects of interests which they may be found to possess in the railways and mines referred to in the second paragraph of article 156 shall be credited to Germany against the sums due by way of reparation. (The paragraph referred to relates to the Teling Tao-Pianan railway and mines in China acquired by Japan under the peace treaty.)

"(3) The list of persons to be handed over to the allied and associated governments by Germany under the second paragraph of article 158, shall be communicated to the German Government within a month from the coming into force of the treaty."

"(4) The reparation commission referred to in article 240 and paragraph 2, 3 and 4 of annex 4, cannot require trade secrets or other confidential information to be divulged."

"(5) From the signature of the treaty and within the ensuing four months Germany will be entitled to submit for examination by the allied and associated Powers documents

PRICES TO REMAIN HIGH, RESERVE BOARD STATES

Continuation of Present Levels
for Some Time Is Expected—
Labor Shortage Feared.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—No relief from present high prices is forecast in the Federal Reserve Board's monthly review of business conditions, issued today, which notes that July saw increases in many lines.

"In general," the review said, "there is a disposition to accept present price levels and to expect a continuation of the prevailing level for some time to come."

In many districts high prices have not served to check demand, but the possibility of obtaining goods was found to be of greater moment to the buyer than the price fixed. On the other hand, the board said, the "very great" price increases which have taken place in certain lines have made buyers more cautious, care being taken not to increase unduly stocks acquired at the present price level for fear a decline might occur.

Continued high prices, along with wholesale and retail, have increased activities in some of the basic industries, sustained confidence in the industrial situation and led to expansion in many lines. Almost the only complaints heard concern shortages of raw materials and, in a few districts, labor troubles, although a majority of the districts report normal labor conditions.

and proposals in order to expedite the work connected with reparation, and thus shorten the investigation and accelerate the decisions.

"(6) Proceedings will be taken against persons who have committed punishable offenses in the liquidation of German property and the allied and associated Powers will welcome any information which the German Government can furnish on this subject."

"Done at Versailles the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen."

Drink
Coca-Cola

DELICIOUS and REFRESHING

Coca-Cola is a perfect
answer to thirst that no
imitation can satisfy.

Coca-Cola quality, recorded in
the public taste, is what holds
it above imitations.

Demand the genuine by
full name—nicknames
encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.



Sold Everywhere

Advertisers' Usual Procedure

The best space buyers first select the Post-Dispatch. In many instances they use the Post-Dispatch exclusively, knowing that they thereby reach the worth-while buyers in St. Louis and adjacent territory at one cost.

This concentrating in "St. Louis' One Big Newspaper" accounts for its daily and Sunday supremacy, as shown again yesterday, Thursday.

Home-Merchants' Advertising, July 31

Post-Dispatch alone 89 Cols.
3 out of all 4 of the others combined 86 Cols.

Why?

Quality and Quantity Circulation!

Built up on a Bona Fide, full-paid 2c basis.

First in St. Louis,

"First in Everything."

DOOPS KEEPING ORDER IN CHICAGO RACE RIOT AREA

No Serious Disturbances Reported Today, but Negro District Will Be Patrolled Several Days.

TOTAL OF DEATHS HAS REACHED 35

Food Sent Into Danger Zone; Majority of the Negroes Returning to Work in Stockyards.

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Law and order have prevailed in Chicago today. Six thousand State troops are patrolling the scene of recent race riots on the South Side, but they have had little to do. No serious disturbances have been reported and public officials express the opinion that practically all danger of further violence has passed. As a precautionary measure, however, the State troops will be kept on duty for several days longer.

Three more victims of race riots died today, bringing the total deaths to 35, with about 1500 injured. One

If you want the entire nutriment of wheat and barley in most delicious form, eat Grape-Nuts "There's a Reason"

Little Girls Who Will Help at Mrs. Kimmel's Concerts



MARGHERITA SIGILLITO, 1033 S. JONES ST., ST. LOUIS.

MARTHA CRITCHFIELD, 4635 WESTMINSTER, PLACER, MO.

police man was killed and 26 have been injured in battling with the rioters. Five of the injured policemen may die.

Gov. Lowden, after receiving reports from Adjutant-General Dickson, announced he would leave for his farm near Oregon, Ill., as soon as the riot car strike was settled.

Food and milk were sent into the danger districts today in large quantities for the use of the negroes, who have been virtually held prisoners in their homes since Sunday because of the race riots. Stores were reopened and thousands of negroes returned to work.

To avoid the possibility of trouble, the large packing companies in the stock yards today paid off 7000 of their negro employees at a Y. M. C. A. headquarters and a negro ban k in the negro belt. Later a majority of the negroes returned to their work at the stockyards.

Members of the 112th Regiment fired three shots at two negroes who, when ordered to move on, drew revolvers and threatened the soldiers, chased the negroes several blocks but they escaped.

Chicken and Pie for Troops. Grateful residents of the district

patrolled by State troops, are keeping the soldiers well supplied with hot coffee and food. Fried chicken, ice cream and pie were among the dishes given the soldiers for breakfast today.

Another victim of wounds received several days ago in the race riots died of his injuries today. He was Dr. William DeBolt, white, 31 years old, a veterinary surgeon employed by one of the packing firms at the stockyards. He was assaulted by rioting negroes last Tuesday and sustained a fractured skull.

Gradually the disposition of the soldiers throughout the area has led to its complete investment, the men being stationed in vacant buildings, houses, movie theaters, halls and such other places as were available for housing of soldiers. The night developed no serious disorders.

Leading negro residents of the "riot district" have started the work of reconstruction. A circular issued by them is being distributed by thousands. It reads:

"Attention, law-abiding citizens: The rioting is over, so go back to work and help the police keep the situation in hand by not congregating on the streets, car lines or corners, holding conversations. Avoid

MRS. KIMMEL TO SING AGAIN FOR MILK FUND

Copies of Song to Be Sold Also All Next Week at Forest Park Highlands.

Credit for the latest innovation to increase the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund must go to Mrs. Karl Kimmel, whose recent appearance at Forest Park Highlands Theater netted considerably more than \$700 for the babies. Mrs. Kimmel has made arrangements to sing every afternoon and evening with the band, at the bandstand in Forest Park Highlands, all next week, beginning Sunday. The chief number in her repertoire at each appearance will be the song "When I Love," which will be sold for 25 cents to swell the Milk and Ice fund.

"When I Love" is considered by competent critics to be one of the best short songs of the year. The composer is a prominent St. Louis musician who, at Mrs. Kimmel's suggestion, is donating the copies to be sold, in order to aid the babies. The composer has published his work under the non-de-plume "Jos. Tescar" and his real identity is a matter of conjecture in musical circles.

Mrs. Kimmel is well known as a vocalist and lovers of music are assured of a rare treat in her second appearance this season for the benefit of the tenement children of St. Louis.

Some of the girls who will sell the music to friends of the babies are: Margherita Sigillito, Ruth Cotton and Frances Arm. The entire proceeds of the sale will be donated to the Milk and Ice Fund.

all inflammatory remarks. Obey the police orders."

Only Two Riots in Large Numbers Yesterday.

Among yesterday's riots, but two involved any considerable number of persons. Several hundred whites, in search of four negroes who had hidden in the stockyards, were driven off by militiamen, with lowered bayonets, after the whites had demanded that the negroes be delivered to them. No casualties resulted.

About 400 white men beat one of three negroes severely at Forty-seventh street and Vincennes avenue. The other two, both armed, escaped after firing a few shots. No one was reported wounded.

A negro was beaten by five white men at State and Twentieth streets.

Two of the negroes who died yesterday were found unconscious on the West Side, far from the negro sections.

Mayor Thompson asked the City Council for 2000 more permanent policemen. Chief Garrity announced that 1000 special policemen would go on duty today.

Attorney-General Brundage and State's Attorney Hynes are co-operating in obtaining evidence for a grand jury investigation. Both officials say many persons of both races will be punished and the death penalty is virtually certain to be sought following indictments.

BILLS PROVIDE UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING FOR BOYS

Six Months for Each Youth of 18, Either in Army or Navy, is Proposed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—A carefully defined scheme for universal military training was initiated in Congress yesterday. Bills identical in form were introduced in the House and Senate by Representative Kahn, Republican of California, chairman of the Military Affairs Committee, and Senator Chamberlain, Democrat of Oregon, former chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, providing for six months' military training for boys on reaching the age of 18 years, with the option of taking such training in either the first, second or third year after their eighteenth birthday.

Option is also given to take this training in either the army or navy at monthly pay of \$5, and during that period they shall serve in the regular army or navy. Army and navy reserves are created, comprising men who served during the European war under certain limitations, and those who receive universal military training under the proposed legislation.

Veterans of the late war who elect to go into the reserve are subject to the call to the colors for a period of five years, unless they arrive at the age of 30. Others remain in the reserve for ten years after their training is completed.

POLICE NAME NEW COMMITTEE

The new 1919-20 Executive Committee of the Police Relief Association was elected yesterday afternoon in balloting held at all of the district stations.

Capt. John Hoffmann, Carr Street District, was selected to represent the Captains; Lieut. James Moron, North Market Street District, the Lieutenants; Sergt. Herman Eilers, Traffic Squad, and Daniel J. Sullivan, Soudard Street District, the Sergeants, and the following patrolmen to represent their respective districts: Joseph McGovern, Carondelet; Daniel Cullen, Wyoming; Oscar Friede, Soudard; John Lynch, Carr; Louis Holmes, North Market; Patrick Kelly, Angela; James Combs, Magnolia; Oliver Simon, Laclede; Fred H. Grabbe, Dayton; Joseph Freeman, Deer; Thomas Wheatley, Newstead; Alex. Keascher, Page; John Manion, Mounted; Michael J. Sias, Central, and Calvin J. White, Headquarters.

The committee will meet Tuesday to elect officers for the coming year.

The maid has left—bid her successor come today through Post-Dispatch WANT ADS.

FARMER CHARGES USE OF DRUG TO SELL LAND

Illinois Man Sues Company, Alleging He Was Tricked Into \$54,160 Deal.

The second suit within three days, charging the S. C. Quimby Land Co. with misrepresenting facts about the value of land in Hilda County, Tex., in attempts to induce farmers to buy it, was filed today in the United States District Court by William W. de Werff of Nokomis, Ill., who alleges that while under the influence of a drug, put in his drinking water by a company salesman, he was induced to make a contract to buy 189½ acres of the land for \$54,160. It is not worth more than \$18,950, he now believes.

De Werff states that the company organized excursions of farmers, and that he, with other farmers from Illinois, went in a special car to inspect the company lands. They were entertained in the car, and not given an opportunity to make close personal examinations of the land, he said. When he asked for a drink of water, he was told the water would give him indigestion, he says, and a salesman put a drug in it which he said would make it harmless.

However, he says, the drug produced "great and abnormal excitement," and while under it he signed the contract. He says he has paid \$6160 in cash and securities. He wants this back, and he wants the contract canceled.

W. F. Branum of Dunklin County, Mo., in a suit filed in the Circuit Court Wednesday, alleged that the same company induced him to pay \$300 an acre for 50 acres of land that was not worth more than \$50 an acre. Both complainants charge that the land is dry, and that the water supply for irrigation is unreliable.

George D. Mabon, attorney for the company, which has offices in the Railway Exchange Building, said that the land was worth \$300 an acre, and that no improper means were used in inducing the farmers to buy it.

INVITED TO TAKE AUTO RIDE

Five Young Men in Collision With Wellston Car.

Five young men arrested at 8 a. m. today when an automobile in which they were riding was damaged in collision with a Wellston car at Taylor and Easton avenues.

Told police the machine had been loaned to them by a man in a nearby saloon.

"Go and take a ride if you feel like it," they said the man told them. The machine was identified by Thomas McCloskey, 1901 Belle Glade avenue, as one stolen from a garage at the rear of his home April 7.

Gus Hanke, 20, 4134A Cozens avenue, who was driving, was held. The others said they had been invited to ride with him.

PAPER SAYS 65,000 BRITISH POLICEMEN ARE ON STRIKE

Officials, However, Declare That Only Small Number of Men Have Walked Out.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Daily Herald, a labor organ, says that about 65,000 policemen and prison officials throughout the country have gone on strike. The newspaper declares that the London men struck with dramatic suddenness and startling unanimity, implying that the whole force responded to the call. This is contrary to all other newspaper reports, which say that the call generally was ignored.

Gen. Sir Nevill Macready, Chief Commissioner of Police, is quoted as saying at midnight that fewer than 250 men had struck and that these will be disbanded and never reinstated. Marston, chairman of the Policemen's Union, was among these men.

The Scotland Yard authorities informed the Associated Press that up to 8 o'clock this morning only 536 of the entire Metropolitan force had failed to report for duty and only one member of the city police.

At a meeting of the striking policemen this morning, Chairman Marston of the union read the following telegram from Liverpool branch:

"Liverpool out solid; stripped docks at midnight; fire brigade as well."

The announcement was received with cheers.

The grievance of the police is the bill before Parliament reorganizing

the department. This provides for the organization of a police union, but prohibits it from affiliating with labor unions, and prohibits policemen from going on strike under any circumstances with heavy penalties. Edward Shortt, Secretary for Home Affairs, told the House of Commons today that the police strike had failed both in London and the provinces. He said Liverpool was the only city really affected, 300 officers out of 1700 failing to report for duty there.

WE TAKE LIBERTY BONDS

Men's Balbriggan Underwear 39c

and Nainsook Union Suits 3.95

Men's Work Pants, 1.00

Men's Cool Cloth Pants, 1.65

Men's COOL Suits, 4.95

Men's Mohair Suits, 10.90

Men's Suits, 19.75

BOYS' BLUE SERGE AND CASSIMERE SUITS, 4.95

Boys' Khaki Overalls, 1.50

Men's Blue Overalls, 1.25

Men's Silk Shirts, 3.45

Men's Blue Serge Pants, 3.45

Boys' Blue Chambray Shirts, .290

Eagle Stamp With All Purchases

Open Saturday Night Till 10 O'Clock

35 & FRANKLIN AVE.

Globe

Hidden beauties of music in the Victor Record catalog

Just because people are not familiar with them, many records which possess real musical beauty remain rather obscurely hidden within the pages of the Victor Record catalog.

It is to be expected that the music which is familiar should be generally selected by record purchasers. The "great masterpieces" will ever retain their hold upon the affections of music-lovers. But there are many other numbers also distinguished by musical merit as well as by age with which the public is all too little acquainted. Music that once heard will forever charm you with its beauty.

Browse again through the pages of your Victor Record catalog with these less-familiar selections in mind. Mark any which may appeal to you. Or drop in at your Victor dealer's and ask him to play some of the "not so well known" though beautiful numbers. We feel sure you will be rewarded by some real gems of music and entertainment.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Important Notice. Victor Records and Victor Machines are scientifically coordinated and synchronized in the processes of manufacture, and should be used together to secure a perfect reproduction.

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

"Victrola" is the Registered Trademark of the Victor Talking Machine Company designating the products of this Company only.



VICTROLA

Mansco Underwear

Cool as a Lake Breeze

\$2.00

You'll Find in Mansco Tailored Athletic Underwear Everything You Want in

Summer Underwear.

It's fine in quality; it's cool; it's comfortable; it fits—there's no bunching; no gaps; no surplus lace; has a seat just like your trousers; opens down right leg; slides back at the waist; easy to get in and out of and comfortable ALL the time.

Children's STRAW HATS

25% Off

A CHARMING group of Summer Straw and Tub Hats as can be found anywhere—Sailors, Bob Hats, French and other popular models.

50c to \$4.95

Save 25%



CHILDREN'S TUB SUITS

25% OFF

\$1.95

to

\$4.95

Less

25%

Others who look ahead will shop early and buy several of these suits. With prices soaring and no relief in sight—think of the saving this discount implies.

These models and fabrics are the best obtainable—adorable little Sailors, Middles, Tommy Tickers and Oliver Twists in an endless array of lovely color contrasts, as well as plain white. Sizes 2 to 8.

Original tags remain on all garments

SCHMITZ & SHRODER

S. E. Cor. Eighth and Washington Av.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS 'TIL NINE

If you see it in a Schmitz & Shroder ad—it's TRUE

(Service in Our Sixth Floor Restaurant Until 1 O'clock)

STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER

Saturday We Close at 1 O'clock



The Following Sales
Are of Special Interest

- The August Sale of Furs
- The August Sale of Hosiery
- The August Sale of Furniture
- The August Sale of Amoskeag Fabrics

And the Men's Store, across the street at Seventh, is offering some exceptional values in Furnishings and Clothing, as well as Sporting Goods, Auto Accessories and Traveling Goods.

Store open just four and one-half hours Saturday—until 1 o'clock—but they are the cool morning hours when it is always best to shop.

D. S. C. AWARDED TO 12 MEMBERS OF 35TH DIVISION

One Soldier of 89th Also Is
on List of Veterans Honored
by War Department
for Valor.

ST. LOUIS PRIVATE WINS CITATION

Leo Kowalkowski and Companion Rescued Commander Under Heavy Shell Fire—8 Other Missourians Decorated.

Announcement was made by the War Department today of the award of the Distinguished Service Cross to 12 members of the Thirty-fifth (Missouri and Kansas) Division and to one member of the Eighty-ninth (Middle West) Division.

In the list is one St. Louisan, Private Leo Kowalkowski of 1321 North Twentieth street, who served in E Company, 137th Infantry, Thirty-fifth Division. The text of his citation follows:

"For extraordinary heroism in action near Bauley, France, Sept. 28, 1918. Having previously made several trips to the rear with wounded comrades, under heavy shell fire, Private Kowalkowski, with another litter bearer, after making three attempts, succeeded in reaching their battalion commander, who lay wounded under heavy machine gun fire, and carried him back to safety."

Sherman B. McCombs, son of Mrs. S. Rader, 617 Milshore avenue, Edwardsville, Ill., who served in F Company, 138th (St. Louis) Infantry, also receives the D. S. C. The text of his citation follows:

"For extraordinary heroism in action near Bauley, France, Sept. 28, 1918. When volunteers were called for to ascertain the location of the regiment on the left of his own, Mechanic McCombs immediately responded, and, passing through direct machine gun and artillery fire, accomplished this dangerous mission with complete success."

Of the 12 recipients of the D. S. C., eight are Missourians, four are Kansans, and one lives in Illinois. The texts of the other citations follow:

"First Lieutenant George T. Worthen, 139th Infantry, Thirty-fifth Division. For extraordinary heroism in action near Varennes, France, Sept. 26, 1918. Arming himself with a rifle, Lieut. Worthen personally led an attack on a hostile machine gun nest which was holding up the advance, capturing the position and killing or capturing the entire enemy unit, including two officers. Home address: Mrs. Doris E. Worthen (wife), 2739 South Eighteenth street, St. Joseph, Mo."

"Corp. Levi W. Griswold (deceased), Company C, 139th Infantry, Thirty-fifth Division. For extraordinary heroism in action in the Montrebeau Woods, France, Sept. 29, 1918. During a hostile counter-attack Corp. Griswold, with absolute disregard for personal safety, crept out from a shell hole, under terrific machine gun fire, and gas bombardment, in an attempt to assist a wounded comrade to adjust his gas mask. He was killed in the performance of his self-sacrificing mission. Next of kin: Mrs. Alice McAnich (mother), Yarrow, Mo."

"Capt. Ben S. Hudson, 137th Infantry, Thirty-fifth Division. For extraordinary heroism in action near Varennes and Bauley, France, Sept. 26-28, 1918. Capt. Hudson personally led an attack on a machine gun nest which was holding up the advance and captured it, taking nine prisoners and three guns. On the following days he led his battalion in attacks under direct shell and machine gun fire, until he was wounded in the foot. As litter bearers were carrying him to the rear, they met a severely wounded soldier, whereupon Capt. Hudson ordered the litter bearers to carry the wounded soldier to the dressing station while he walked. Home address: Mrs. Ben S. Hudson (wife), Fredonia, Kan."

"Sergeant Edwin W. Wiggins (deceased), Company A, 128th Machine Gun Battalion, Thirty-fifth Division. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cheppy, France, Sept. 27, 1918. Having been mortally wounded while rushing a machine gun nest, Sergt. Wiggins continued faithfully to perform his duties and calmly directed the movements of his half platoon until he died on the field. Next of kin: Monroe Smith (father), R. F. D. No. 3, Willow Springs, Mo."

"First Sergeant John L. Wilkinson, Company G, 140th Infantry, Thirty-fifth Division. For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, Sept. 28, 1918. After

Continued on Next Page

Camel

CIGARETTES

Cigarettes made to meet your taste!

Camels are offered you as a cigarette entirely out of the ordinary—a flavor and smoothness never before attained. To best realize their quality compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Camels flavor is so refreshing, so enticing, it will win you at once—it is so new and unusual. That's what Camels expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobacco gives you! You'll prefer this blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

As you smoke Camels, you'll note absence of any unpleasant cigarettey aftertaste or any unpleasant cigarettey odor. And, you'll be delighted to discover that you can smoke Camels liberally without tiring your taste!

Take Camels at any angle—they surely supply cigarette contentment beyond anything you ever experienced. They're a cigarette revelation! You do not miss coupons, premiums or gifts. You'll prefer Camels quality!

18 cents a package

Join the McCOY-WEBER SECOND FLOOR ORIEL BLDG. 6TH & LOCUST

Summer Thrift Club

For the few pennies that you spend foolishly every day you can buy a fine diamond or splendid watch. This Summer Thrift Club is your opportunity to save. The plan is easy. Come in—select your Diamond or Watch—pay only 25c down and you wear your purchase while paying a small sum every week until paid for. Come in today.

Save a Wrist Watch



25c Down

COULD you conceive of an easier way to obtain possession of a beautiful Wrist Watch—just join our Thrift Club—pay 25c down and the balance on easy time payments \$20 that you will never miss. Come! Join today.

FULL
VALUE
IN EX-
CHANGE
AT ANY
TIME

OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 8 P. M.

McCoy-Weber

2ND FLOOR 6 ORIEL BLDG
Entrance 4 Doors South of Locust

YOUR
MONEY
RE-
FUNDED
IF YOU
CAN BUY
CHEAPER
FOR
CASH

TAKE
YOUR
CHOICE
Diamonds
Watches
Wrist Watches
Jewelry

PAY
25c
DOWN



25c

Thrift Club Members Need to Pay Only.....

To Wear a \$37.50 Diamond

Simply by paying 25c and the balance 75c a week Thrift Club members can own a beautiful \$37.50 Diamond. Just imagine how easy it is—make up your mind to come here and select your Diamond RIGHT NOW.

PAY 25c. START TO SAVE-A-DIAMOND



25c

Secures an

ELGIN

DON'T let anyone sell you a watch on any terms, or at any price, until you see this great Elgin Watch—the world's standard timepiece—in this model 20-year guaranteed case. Join the Thrift Club—Pay 25c down and balance in easy weekly amounts.....

20

Nothing Reserved—Every Oxford In Stock

\$2.85 for MEN \$3.95

\$4.85

Newark OXFORD SALE

Thousands of Pairs—Our Entire Remaining Stock of The Season—At Greatly Reduced Prices!

EXTRA SPECIAL!

75c Bath Slippers, 49c
10c Dr. Bernard's
Cork and Felt In-
ner Sole.....7c
10c Guayacwood
Cork Cut.....7c
25c Silk Laces.....19c

Palm Beach and
White Oxfords
and Tennis Shoes
at Greatly
Reduced Prices.

THE great Mid-Summer NEWARK Clearance Sale for Men is on! It is the big event of the season. Mind you, these are not a lot of shoes bought for sale purposes, but our own regular stock NEWARK Shoes.

At their regular prices they were \$1 to \$3 LESS than the same qualities could be duplicated for anywhere else. At their present reduced prices, they are tremendous values for the money.

Come tomorrow and see them! All leathers, all styles, all finishes, all sizes!

Newark Shoe Stores Co.

LARGEST RETAILERS OF SHOES IN THE WORLD.

297 STORES IN 97 CITIES
ST. LOUIS STORES:
706 Olive Street, Republic Bldg.
213 N. Sixth Street, Between Pine and Olive
138 Collinsville Avenue, Near Missouri, East St. Louis
312 South Street, Springfield, Mo.
OPEN TILL TEN O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT

CALOMEL ROBBED OF ITS NAUSEA

Medicinal Virtues Retained and Improved—Unpleasant and Sickening Qualities Removed. New Tablet Called "Calotabs."

The latest triumph of modern pharmacy is a "de-nauseated" calomel tablet known to the drug trade as "Calotabs." Calomel, the most generally useful of all medicines, thus enters upon a wider field of popularity purified and refined from those objectionable qualities which have heretofore limited its use. In biliousness, constipation and indigestion, and in a great variety of liver, stomach and kidney troubles, calomel was the most successful remedy, but its use was often regretted on account of its sickening qualities. Now it is the easiest and most pleasant of medicines to take. One tablet on the tongue at bedtime with a swallow of water—that's all. No taste, no griping, no nausea, no salts. A good night's sleep and the next morning you are feeling fine, with a clean liver and a big appetite. Eat what you please. No danger. Calotabs are sold only in original, sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Your druggist offers to refund the price as a guarantee that you will be thoroughly delighted with Calotabs.—ADV.



Know The Joy Of A Beautiful Complexion Hair And Hands

They may be yours if you make the Cuticura Trio your every-day toilet preparations. The Soap cleanses, purifies and beautifies the skin, softens, soothes and heals redness, roughness, pimples, dandruff, etc., the Talcum powders and perfumes. Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and Lotion 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free of charge. "Cuticura" Soap, Ointment and Lotion.

Post-Dispatch WANTS point many opportunities for better jobs and increased earnings.

The POST-DISPATCH is the only St. Louis evening newspaper giving Associated Press news service.

Shine
YUMS
SNAPS
BY PICNICS

M.

French
oiles

25c

Summer
ES



Wash Suits



SETS



Women's Petticoats in muslin, gingham, percale, values to \$2.00; Special each, \$1.25

Women's Canvas Low Shoes; pumps, Oxfords and strap styles; sizes 2 to 4 1/2, \$1.00

Boys' Dull Golf Shoes; Blucher style; extra well made; size 2 1/2 to 5 1/2, \$1.50; 1 to 2, \$1.39

ES OUT

E KINKS

Straight Hair Like

By Using

HAIR DRESSING

HAIR DRESSING

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HAIR DRESSING

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Tom Egan's Saloon, Home of His 'Rats,' Being Razed

Building at Broadway and Carr Was Considered for Years as Hatching Place of Most of City's Crime.

Don't Try to Hide the Little Pimples

Nor Cover a Dark, Sallow, Muddy Complexion With Face Powder or Rouge.

25c

Summer ES

BLACK AND WHITE OINTMENT Stops Itching Diseases

Store Open Tomorrow Till 4 O'Clock

Irwin's
509 Washington Ave.

Now in Progress! Our
August Sale
of Furs
Savings of 20% to 35%

Wonderful Savings in a Great Special Sale of
WAISTS



The Greatest Values
in Many Seasons!

\$1.25 Two Sensational Groups! \$1.95

Practically every Waist placed on sale for the first time tomorrow, each at a wonderful saving. Included at these two prices are finest lingerie voiles, striped voiles, tissues and organdie combinations. We illustrate six styles.

Choice of the House!
Any Wash Dress

\$5.95 Regardless of former prices! Figured Voiles, Tissues and Gingham. Immense sacrifices!

Saturday Special!
Silk Dresses

Special one-day reductions! Plain and Fig. Georgettes, Poulards, Crepes, Satins and Taffetas. \$11.90

SPECIAL—Saturday Morning Only!

Tub Dresses \$1.95 A splendid group of voiles and tissues sacrificed at

Wool Sweaters \$3.00 Coat style Shetland Wool Sweaters, in colors, sacrificed at



Any Tub Skirt
At Three Sacrifice Prices!

\$1.50 \$2.50 \$3.50

Your unrestricted choice of every Tub Skirt in the house—finest plain or embroidered gabardines, needle cords, piques and surf satins. Phenomenal savings.

Silk Paulette Skirts, \$7.95 Also Skirts of satin and Georgette. Save more than half at

15% Off Every Piece of Silk Underwear in the House—15% Off

that many detectives and patrolmen were close by when the murder occurred. He was caught later and convicted, but died of tuberculosis in a private hospital pending an appeal of his case.

The first murder charged to "Egan's Rats" was that of William Gage in the old Jolly Five Club, 1565 Morgan street, in January, 1907. Gage, it was said, had been charged with the killing of "Yats" Kelly, one of Egan's followers, and was marked. Although five men, including Tom Egan, were in the club-room with Gage when the latter was shot and policemen arrived before they could get away, the witnesses declared they had seen nothing. On the witness stand at the coroner's inquest the witness swore to the same thing. In the grand jury room they remained loyal to the gang policy of silence and were indicted for perjury.

Egan was indicted for the murder and at his trial six former convicts testified that they had written letters to him from the penitentiary warning him against Gage. A jury acquitted Egan on his plea of self-defense.

"We never shoot unless we know who is present," said Egan in a signed article in the Sunday Post-Dispatch Jan. 21, 1912. "The boys hate a 'snitch,' so that he has to get out of the neighborhood or something would happen to him."

Wrote of Gage Killing. In relating the circumstances of the Gage killing said in the article that several of the witnesses who had refused to tell anything were indicted for perjury.

"But what good did that do?" he commented. "The perjury could not be proved. If it had, they would have taken their medicine and gone to the penitentiary rather than 'snitch.'"

Egan made the assertion that he commanded a body of nearly 400 men, originally organized for political purposes. The police ridiculed his claim but admitted that his following was large.

"I bound them to myself by signing bonds without fees whenever they, or their relatives, or their friends, were in police court," said Egan. "I gave them a turkey dinner on Christmas Day. On the same day I distributed hundreds of dollars among friends of mine who were in the penitentiary."

"In return, the boys came to me on election day and asked me how they should vote. I told them."

Notwithstanding the fact that the police declared more crime was hatched in Egan's saloon than in any other quarter, the place was always conducted, so far as outsiders could testify, in a peaceful and orderly manner. Many persons were arrested there but not for offenses committed on the premises. That was explained by Egan who remarked: "We never harm strangers, and no policeman has ever been attacked by one of our boys."

"At Up" Gill in Election. Egan's strength as a political leader was demonstrated in the defeat of Michael J. Gill, Democratic nominee for Congress in November, 1912. It was only a few months after the death of the late Senator Thomas Kinney, Egan's brother-in-law, and Gill attributed his defeat in an overwhelmingly Democratic balliwick to "treachery" by Egan.

Egan, testifying later at a contest in which Gill endeavored to have his opponent, L. C. Dyer, counted out, said in his characteristically caustic "after we found that he (Gill) had scratched Tom Kinney in 1910, he was the top liner on the bill of fare—and we sure did eat him up."

For many years the building at Broadway and Carr had been in a state of dilapidation. The second floor, until a few years ago, was conducted as a rooming house. A barber shop and a notion store occupied the space adjoining Egan's on the first floor.

Rooming House Upstairs. The other day a reporter, watching a wrecking crew removing the walls of the building, asked a storekeeper in the neighborhood about the character of the rooming house. "It was only a bed joint," he replied. "Tom Egan used to let his friends sleep there. He didn't charge them anything, but they had to make their own beds and straighten up. Tom wasn't such a bad fellow. A lot of his men were arrested for stealing from freight cars, but the police never found any stolen goods in his place."

The storekeeper's remark served to remind the reporter that in former years many burglars, highwaymen, safe blowers and pickpockets had given the police their address as 1611A North Broadway. That was the rooming house over Egan's saloon.

The owner of the property has made no plans as yet for erecting a new building on the site. As the neighborhood is gradually filling up with warehouses it is probable that a building of that sort will be constructed there in the near future.

When in any trouble, just naturally turn to Post-Dispatch WANT ADS, and they'll point the way out.

UNITED STORES CLOSED SUNDAYS

Big Clear Corporation Hereafter Will Operate Six Days a Week. Stores of the United Cigar Stores Co., of which there are hundreds all over the country, will be closed on Sunday hereafter. It was announced yesterday at the general headquarters in New York. The only exceptions will be stores at Coney Island and Atlantic City.

The St. Louis stores of the company received notice of the closing order Wednesday, and it applies to all of them in the city. In an advertisement in today's newspapers, the company, which is one of the largest corporations in the world, makes this statement: "We are firmly convinced that the world has outgrown any tradition that compels a week of seven days' labor."

YOUR DRUGGIST will receive your Want Ads for the Post-Dispatch at the same rates charged at the main office. Try him. He sells other things than medicine. Look around.

Store Closes Tomorrow at One O'Clock

Nugent's

The Store for ALL the People

ANNOUNCING

to begin Monday morning at 8:30

OUR ALTERATION AND EXPANSION SALE!

YOU have read from day to day of various changes in location of departments throughout the store.

These changes were but forerunners of a vast program of alterations which we have planned—the two great buildings in which this business is conducted will undergo a complete transformation.

The Alterations—

Can hardly be completed until the first of September, so you may expect this "Alteration and Expansion Sale" to run for a period covering the entire month of August.

WANTED
300 Additional
Saleswomen

Must be experienced. Good salary and splendid opportunity for advancement. Positions for capable people will be permanent.

The Details—

Will appear in all the Sunday newspapers. We have reserved six pages of newspaper space to tell you of the wonderful buying opportunities. But even then the story will be but partially told.

Every Department in the Store Is Represented in the "Alteration and Expansion Sale" With Wonderful Offerings

NO matter what your needs, you can ill-afford to neglect this event. You must be here next Monday—for the savings, when one considers the high price of living, necessarily must appeal to every man or woman.

Out-of-town people should plan at once, to be here Monday—it will pay them well.

Hot Weather Suits

For Men and Young Men

\$25 Priestley Cravenetted English Mohair Suits, \$16.50

THESE splendid suits were tailored by the celebrated house of "Rosenwald & Weil." Every garment is faultlessly made and will retain their shape, because they require no laundering. Come in blues, blacks and grays, in hairline and shadow stripes. Sizes 34 to 50.

\$15.00 and \$18.00 \$11.90
Summer Suits,

Through our fortunate purchase from "Kling Bros., Chicago, Ill.," makers of high-grade Summer apparel, we are able to offer

Palm Beach
Crashes

Tropical Worsted

Cool Cloth
and Homespun Suits

at this very low price. Come in colors of brown, gray, blue and also plain shades; all sizes.

\$3.50 Buys for Men a Pair of Trousers
Others at \$5.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10

An extra pair of Trousers means double service for the average suit; a splendid assortment in fancy stripes, worsteds, chevrons and serges, and in all sizes.

STRAWS

For Men! Our Entire Stock of Straw Hats on Sale
at Less Than Cost Price

At 59c

Odds and ends of Straw Hats, including Porto Ricans, Tovo Panamas, Mackinaws; plenty of styles to select from.

At \$1.33

Men's Tovo Panama Hats, made in pencil, telescope and straight brim styles. Regular \$3.00 qualities.

At \$1.95

Slightly soiled genuine Panama Hats; all sizes to select from. Regular \$1 and \$5 qualities.

At \$2.12

The popular tan color rough straight brim straw. Regular \$3 and \$3.50.

HOW TO REDUCE YOUR WEIGHT

Simple Method That Enabled Me to Reduce My Weight 15 Pounds in 20 Days.

"I was about 20 pounds overweight and gaining rapidly when I decided to reduce. After investigating I found what I believed to be the safest and most reliable way to do this. It was so easy and simple it was just like play. Each morning I would stand in an open window and take as deep a breath as I could, hold it and count up to 10, then expel it slowly, repeating this simple operation several times. I went down to the drug store and got a little play-no-la, which is said to be valuable in the treatment of obesity, stimulating the liver, giving tone to the heart and absorbing fatty tissue. I took a few grains of play-no-la after meals and at bedtime. The effect of this treatment was almost magical. I ate everything I wanted, but each day I weighed myself I saw an improvement and in 20 days I had lost over 15 pounds. I felt better than ever and my weight was firm and smooth and glowed with the pinkness of health. It is now six months since I used this method and my weight is still normal with no indication of gaining. I can honestly recommend this simple method to any fat woman or man who wants to reduce weight without the use of tireless exercise, appliances or dieting. It is not costly and the results are most pleasing. Enderle Drug Co., 1015 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo. or any drug store can supply you with the genuine play-no-la at a small cost." B. H.—ADV.

Jamerson
2nd Floor
6th and Olive



A Life Saver!

For hot, sticky days.
Weather won't worry you
if you wear

Genuine
Palm Beach &
Cool Crash
The \$10 and \$12 Kind
\$8.75

A Money-Saver!

The NEW PLAN of eliminating unnecessary expense: No high first-floor rent; no free delivery; no charge accounts or bad debts. The saving is yours.

Genuine
Shantung and Pongee
Silk Suits
Usual price, \$25 to \$30
\$19½

Silk-Lined
Wool Suits
\$24

Second Floor
Carleton Bldg. 6th & Olive

TAKE ELEVATOR
Save the Difference

Open Saturday Till 9 P. M.

NUXATED IRON

"Nuxated Iron" gave me the strength I needed. I was a weakling and I felt it was such a valuable tonic and blood-building preparation that I ought to be used in every household and prescribed by every physician in the country. Nuxated Iron helps to make healthier women and stronger, slimmer men. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. At all good druggists.

BELLANS
INDIGESTION
6 BELLANS
Hot Water
Sure Relief

BELLANS
FOR INDIGESTION

ASSISTANT CIRCUIT ATTORNEY FIRES AT AUTO THIEVES

Exchanges Shots With Three Men, Two of Whom Try to Steal Car of Guest at Party.

Verne C. Lacy, Assistant Circuit Attorney, of 7009 Michigan avenue, reported to the police that he exchanged shots with three men who attempted to steal an automobile from in front of the home of John H. Moller at 3642 McRee avenue at 1 a. m. today.

Miss Grace Moller had given a party in honor of Gustav Vahlkamp of 3545 Lafayette avenue, a retired soldier, and a number of automobiles owned by guests were in front of the house.

The party was breaking up and guests were going to their machines when Lacy saw a man in a Palm Beach suit in an automobile owned by Robert Tiemann of 4301 Gravois avenue. He at first thought this was Tiemann, but going closer he saw another man behind the machine trying to push it. He also saw that the man at the wheel was not Tiemann.

Run to Touring Car. Going to his own car, which was just in front of Tiemann's, he got his revolver and called to the stranger: "Get out, you dirty thieves." The two men ran across the street to a touring car, which had been standing there with the engine running and a third man at the wheel. As the machine started west the man in the Palm Beach suit jumped on the running board. Lacy fired three shots at him and the man fled in return.

A few minutes later a man living further west came running up and said he had seen the thieves' car, but saw only two men, neither of whom was in a Palm Beach suit. This led Lacy to believe the man on the running board had been hit and jumped off and fled or crawled into the car and lay down on the floor.

When four customers in the saloon of the late J. J. Connors, Twelfth and Market streets, started a fight at 11:50 p. m., Dennis O'Keefe, the bar tender, went out to find a policeman. When he returned the customers were gone. So was \$48 taken from the cash register. O'Keefe told the police he believed the men started the fight as a preliminary to the robbery planned beforehand.

Daylight Burglars Take Liquor. Three quarts of whiskey and two quarts of wine, together with \$200 worth of jewelry and clothing, were stolen by daylight burglars from the home of Walter H. Brown, 6016 Enright avenue, in the absence of the family.

An aviator's coat and a woman's riding habit and boots were part of the loot stolen by burglars from the home of Mrs. Elmore Bostwick, 5155 Waterman avenue. A daylight burglar, described as a negro wearing a "gingham dress," was chased for half a dozen blocks by Mrs. Robert Kessler, 4146 Maffitt avenue, and Mrs. Anna Meemann, 4150 Maffitt avenue, and other neighbors at 4 p. m., after she had been discovered looting the Kessler home. She escaped.

Mrs. Kessler had stepped out in her front yard to talk to a neighbor when Mrs. Meemann saw the negro enter the home through a rear door. Summoning Mrs. Kessler the two women went around to the rear intending to surprise the intruder. As they walked into the kitchen the negro fled out the front door. She was pursued through yards and alley to St. Louis avenue and thence east, where she outran her pursuers.

A purse and \$5 was taken by the negro from the Kessler home.

KINLOCH TELEPHONE COMPANY WILL SEEK INCREASED RATES

Begins Sounding Out State Commission With Return of Proposals.

The telephone properties having been returned to their private owners last midnight by the United States Government, the Kinloch company today began sounding out the State Public Service Commission to ascertain what its attitude might be in the event the company should apply for permission to increase its service rates.

If it is found that the members of the commission will entertain such an application the company will file a request for temporary relief immediately. It is understood that there is some doubt in the minds of the commissioners regarding the question of their authority to act on such an application, Congress, in restoring the telephone properties to their owners, having fixed the rate for a period of four months.

Representatives of the Kinloch company, however, contend that there is a proviso in the act of Congress which gives the State Public Service Commission the power to grant the companies temporary financial relief.

H. Linton Reber, president of the Kinloch company, said today that if the company decides to appeal to the commission it will probably ask permission to increase the rate of service in residences 25 cents a month and that in business houses 50 cents a month. He said that the increased cost of material, labor and taxes made it necessary for the company to seek financial relief.

QUICK sales of property result from Post-Dispatch Real Estate advertising.

SYNDICATE IS GIVEN OPTION ON ATLANTA COCA COLA CO.

Stockholders Would Get \$15,000,000 Cash and \$10,000,000 Stock in New Deal.

By the Associated Press. ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 1.—An option on the Atlanta Coca Cola Co. which, if carried through, would result in re-organization and enlargement of the concern, has been given to a syndicate represented by New York bankers, it was announced last night by Howard C. Candler, president of the company.

The present stockholders would get \$15,000,000 in cash and \$10,000,000 in stock in the new concern, the president of the company added.

Other press dispatches from Atlanta stated that the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Co. of St. Louis was

reported to be the purchaser. Eberhard Anheuser, vice president of the Anheuser-Busch company, said today that the report was incorrect and that the Anheuser-Busch company had not even a partial interest in the purchasing syndicate.

The sale includes the name, trade mark, formula of coca-cola, contracts and good will of the company and such realty as is actually used by it in the distribution and sale of the product in various cities. It does not include, it was said, bottling rights nor various buildings owned by Asa C. Candler, his five sons and daughter.

Identity of the purchaser was not announced today, but the transaction was made through the Guaranty Trust Co. and Chase National Bank, both of New York. Many years ago, it is understood here, Candler paid \$500 for the coca-cola formula and rights to its manufacture.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

EVENING COURSES

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
1919-20
Beginning October 6
Sixty Courses in

Engineering	Arts
Architecture	Science
Law	Language
Business	Literature
Secretarial Studies	History
Accounting	Political Science
Advertising	Economics
Business Law	Mathematics
Employment Management	

During the war the experience of the Army demonstrated the value of college training. Commerce and industry are following its example in selecting efficient men. Prepare yourself for the new conditions. The Prospectus of Evening Courses for 1919-20 is now ready for distribution. Cut out this advertisement, checking items in which you are interested, and mail to the Director of Extension Courses, Washington University.

Mercantile Savings Accounts opened on or before Aug. 5th



draw interest from
Aug. 1st

Mercantile Trust Company
Eighth and Locust Sts
Open Monday
Evenings Until 6:30
Savings Accounts can be opened and deposits made by mail

Mercantile Trust Company
Member Federal Reserve System
EIGHTH AND LOCUST — TO ST. CHARLES
U. S. Government Protection

New Autocar Prices Effective Today

THE new Autocar chassis prices which have been advertised in the public press during the entire month of July become effective today, August 1.

\$2300

97-inch wheelbase

\$2400

120-inch wheelbase

The Autocar Motor Truck is the standard transportation unit for more than 8000 users in 450 lines of business.

The Autocar Company, Ardmore, Pa.
Established 1897

THE AUTOCAR SALES AND SERVICE COMPANY
28th and Locust Streets, St. Louis.

G. Washington's COFFEE

"MADE IN THE CUP AT THE TABLE"

DON'T USE A COFFEE POT!

The secret of G. Washington's Coffee is simple. It is coffee minus the waste. It is just coffee—with the wood, and all that's not coffee in the berry, eliminated. Makes delicious iced coffee.

Ready—instantly—when you pour on the water—hot or cold.



Kline's
606-608 Washington, Thru to Sixth St.

Store Closes at 1 O'Clock Saturday

SPECIALS

To \$1.95 Wash Waists 89c
Batiste and Dimity Waists in Summer colors and stripes; on sale while 162 of them last. First Floor.

To \$5 All-Wool Sweaters, \$1.95
Just 60 of these all-wool Slip-on Sweaters; sacrificed Saturday morning at First Floor.

To \$5 Girls' Dresses, \$2.39
Girls' Dresses of white and colored voile, lawn and organdy; just 40 of them; sizes 6 to 14 years. Balcony.

To \$7.95 Skirts . . . \$2.95
A limited quantity of Silk and Wool Skirts; attractive styles; on sale while the lot lasts. Third Floor.

ANY WASH SKIRT In the House, \$3.95
Your unrestricted choice of any Wash Skirt in our entire stock regardless of former price; choose Saturday morning while they last at this extremely low price. Third Floor.

To \$45 Silk Capes & Suits \$15
A limited quantity of silk-lined Silk Capes, also high-class Silk Suits—just a few of them to be closed out Saturday morning. Third Floor.

To \$8.50 Trimmed Hats, \$2.00
100 white and pink Georgette Hats, sacrificed Saturday morning while the lot lasts. Second Floor.

To \$7 Pumps & Oxfords, \$2.95
Broken assortments and sizes—white canvas, black kid, tan kid, gray kid. Balcony Boot Shop.

IMPORTANT!

Be sure and see our advertisement in the Sunday Post-Dispatch for announcement of one of the most important dress events we have featured for many months.

Wonderful Dress Sale
\$25 to \$45 Dresses at ?

GOVERNMENT SALE OF GROCERIES

Peaches, Soups, Prunes, Tomatoes, Rice, Cod Fish, Tapioca, Stringless Beans, Sweet Potatoes, Pepper, Macaroni, Corn, Syrup, Ginger, Cinnamon, Vinegar, Salt, Pickles. Sealed bids will be opened 10 A. M., August 18, 1919, at Zone Supply Office, San Antonio, Texas. Particulars, special bid forms can be obtained at above Office, attention Surplus Property Officer, St. Louis, Mo. Refer to S. P. D. No. 5445 Sub.

VEGACO
Live Better at Less Cost. Use VEGACO Only Best Butter is as Good Sweet - Pure Delicious
At Dealers

SNAPPY SNAPS FOR PICNICS
Sunshine YUM-YUMS GINGER SNAPS
LOFTIS BROS. & CO. DIAMONDS & WATCHES CREDIT AT CUT PRICES
Many buy and sell by means of information gained by reading Post-Dispatch WANTS

DRINKS POISON AT THIRD TRIAL

Woman Seriously Ill After Husband Took Drug From Her.

Mrs. Anna Wotli, 32 years old, of 2350 Illinois avenue, attempted to kill herself by drinking poison on the

sidewalk near her home at 3 p. m. yesterday after her husband, Edward, had taken poison away from her twice earlier in the day. She is at the city hospital in a serious condition.

Wotli told police his wife had recently been discharged from the city

hospital. Her illness, however, he said, had caused despondency and yesterday he learned she had bought poison from a drug store at Cherokee street and Illinois avenue. He took the poison away from her. He later took from her poison she said she had bought at a drug store at 2009 Arsenal street. She returned again to this drug store and bought another kind of poison, he said, and as she neared her home drank from the bottle. He saw her raise the bottle and started towards her but too late to prevent her swallowing some of the acid.

DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN IS COMMITTEE WITNESS

Homer S. Cummings Called to Testify on Charges That Trip to Coast Is "Junket."

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Homer S. Cummings, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, called before the House sub-committee investigating aircraft expenditures to testify under oath last night why he had told the publicity bureau of his organization to brand a proposed committee trip to the Pacific coast as a "junket," took full responsibility for the statement, and declared it was not a circumstance to what would come later.

From the moment he entered the committee room until he went away, Cummings continually was smiling, while Chairman Fearar pounded the table with great heat and stopped the proceedings to have certain replies stricken from the record. With mock courtesy, Cummings, turning to the chairman and addressing him as "my good friend," said that he knew before he arrived that he would be unable to satisfy the Republicans. There were one or two sharp retorts from Fearar, to one of which the witness, lighting a cigar from another and still smiling, declared, "My, wasn't that a delicate thrust."

At the outset Cummings told the committee that while he had not read the particular article to which the Republicans took offense he quite approved it, except that it was not vigorous enough. It was during this questioning that Chairman Fearar told the stenographer not to permit certain statements to remain in the record, to which the witness replied that in a court of justice he would have more rights.

Asks Basis of Charge. What the chairman wanted to know especially was the basis for the charge that the sub-committee was a "smelling committee" and that it soon was to start on a "junket." Finally, after a sharp wrangle, Cummings said that he understood the committee contemplated a Western trip to look into spruce conditions relating to aviation, when all of this had been gone over by Charles E. Hughes.

"There have been other inquiries," the witness continued, "and this whole subject has been canvassed until it is threadbare. Moreover, the taking up of a subject of this character by a committee which I submit is not friendly to the administration, and not in a position to give an unbiased report, is a waste of time and public money, and in ordinary political parlance, a junket."

"Is it fair to this committee when it is ordered to make the trip to call it a junket?" Fearar asked.

"I think so," Cummings replied. "It is perfectly folly to spend money on a trip of this character when you ought really to send public accountants, and when there are so many other problems, including the high cost of living, demanding consideration."

"The Republican organization," the witness went on, "has indulged in plenty of slander directed at the President of the United States and you should be sportsmen enough to stand mild criticism. This isn't a marker to what's coming."

Commends Hughes' Stand. In commending the public service of Hughes, who conducted the aircraft inquiry, Cummings said the difference between Republican leaders in Congress and the President was that the President had selected for the inquiry a man of known impartiality, while the other was a purely political investigation.

Representative Magee, Republican, of New York, asked Cummings for a yes or no answer bearing on the war investigation and the resultant sale of army food.

"Why, that's a trick question," the witness replied. "It's like asking a man if he has quit beating his wife."

"Strike that out," Magee shouted, and it was stricken out.

Fearar contended that the Democrats were making a concerted attempt to discredit the inquiry, while Cummings insisted that the Republicans in control of Congress were trying to criticize every single act of the administration during the war.

The committee chairman brought out that prior to 1918 the witness was a Republican. He told how he and Magee and Representative Lee, Democrat, of California, members of the committee, had protested against being forced to travel to the Pacific Coast next month. Fearar said he had been to the Coast over every railroad, so the trip was no "junket" for him.

Says Inquiry Is Needed. He presented a letter from Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, inciting pictures of lumber engines lying in ditches along the railroad track. Examining them for the moment, the witness remarked:

"They are hardly worth sending this committee to look at," but added that he did not wish to be understood as deprecating investigation of any war activities.

Magee wanted to know if Cummings, as chairman of the Democratic organization, feared the results of the inquiry.

"Quite the contrary, my dear sir," he replied. "I look forward with great pleasure to these investigations. The leaders of the Republican party are doing us a great service. But I think you are on the wrong track and that's why you have my sympathy. I am in favor of the Republicans investigating everything the Democrats did. I believe you gentlemen are actuated by high motives, but the whole thing will come to naught."

FRECKLES

Don't Hide Them With a Veil; Remove Them With Othine—Double Strength.

This preparation for the removal of freckles is usually so successful in removing freckles and giving a clear, beautiful complexion that it is sold under guarantee to refund the money if it fails.

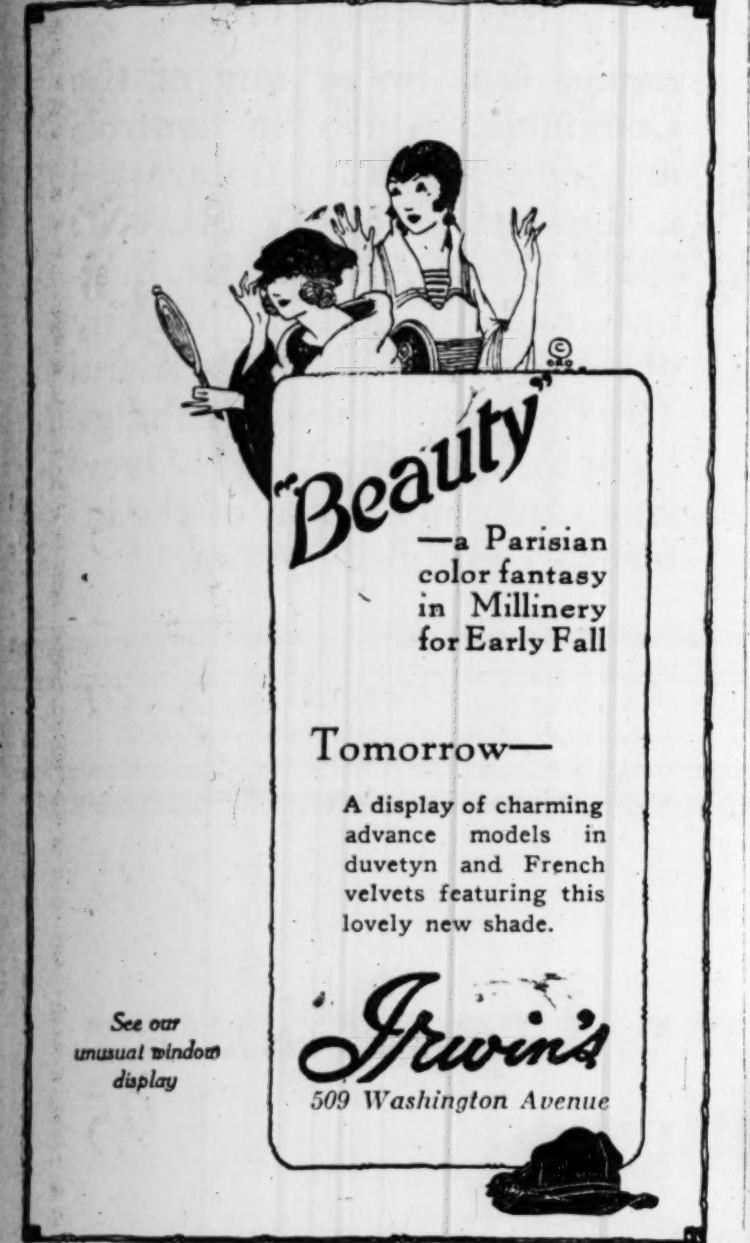
Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength Othine; it is this that is sold on the money-back guarantee.

—ADV.

Summer-Spoiled Skin Removed by Absorption

As undecorated summer exposure usually leaves an undesirable surface of tan, redness or roughness, often freckles, too, the sensible thing to do is to remove such surface. There's nothing better for this than ordinary mercurized wax, which actually absorbs an unwholesome complexion. The thin layer of surface skin is itself absorbed, gently, gradually, so there's no inconvenience, no detention indoors. Spread the wax lightly over the entire face at bedtime and take it off in the morning with warm water. If you will get one ounce of mercurized wax at the drug store, use it for a week or so, you may expect marked improvement daily. When the underlying skin is wholly in view your complexion will be a marvel of spruce purity and beautiful whiteness.—ADV.

For Dainty Sandwiches Takhom-a-Biscuit



Beauty
—a Parisian color fantasy in Millinery for Early Fall

Tomorrow—
A display of charming advance models in duvetyne and French velvets featuring this lovely new shade.

See our unusual window display

Irwin's
509 Washington Avenue



You'll Be Delighted With Quick-Maid Soup

The Convenient, Delicious Wholesome, Economical New Preparation for your table

QUICK-MAID is Tantalizingly Delicious.
It is a FRESH, thick soup, not a warmed-over soup. No rancid taste of day-before-yesterday's left-over meat, and no weak taste of water-soaked vegetables, but the savory, tempting flavor of prime meat just from the butcher's block, and crisp, succulent vegetables just from the garden.

QUICK-MAID is Wonderfully Wholesome.
Its basic ingredients are the very richest and sweetest animal fats and selected cereals. White bread has 1200, lean beef 1105 and potatoes 295 calories to the pound, and eggs have 1180 calories to the dozen. QUICK-MAID SOUP, BY LABORATORY TEST, HAS 1980 CALORIES TO THE POUND.

QUICK-MAID is Surprisingly Economical.
It is all solid body-building, health-giving FOOD. Every cent of your money buys Nutrition. Nothing goes for water or expensive tin cans. Each package makes eight large plates of thick soup, but any part of the package may be used. The unused portion will keep indefinitely.

QUICK-MAID comes in a Handy Package.
It is made in brick (compressed) form and packed in neat, double-sealed sanitary cartons. No can opener to bother with, no tough tin to cut—just snap off the wrapper.

Prepared and Guaranteed by
ST. LOUIS FOOD PRODUCTS COMPANY

SEVEN VARIETIES
Chicken, Vegetable, Onion, Celery, Pea, Bean and Beef Bouillon with Rice.

each package makes eight plates

Served and Sold Where Quality Counts

15 Minutes
15 Cents



CANTRELL & COCHRANE
THE STANDARD
Ginger Ale
OF TWO CONTINENTS
Order by the dozen from your dealer for use at home
E. J. Burke Sole Agent
620 W. 46 St. New York

ECZEMA KNOWS NO ENEMY LIKE POSLAM

Do not imagine that your eczema is the one case that will fail to respond to Poslam's healing influence. The more stubborn the affection, the more remarkable the immediate effects of Poslam seem.

After you know Poslam's splendid work you will look upon it as just so much concentrated healing energy to protect your skin from all disordered conditions. Itching stops; angry skin is soothed at once.

Sold everywhere. For free sample write to Emergency Laboratories, 243 West 47th St., New York City.

Poslam Soap is a daily treat to tender skin or skin subject to eruptive troubles.—ADV.

CONSUMERS' MEAT & GROCERY CO.

Wholesale and Retail
NINTH AND MARKET STS.
WE DELIVER EVERYWHERE

DOMINO SUGAR, 63c
5-lb. carton.
Pure Lard, Gov. Insp., lb., 36c
Calif. Navy Beans, lb., 5c
Fancy Head Rice, lb., 12½c
Coffee, Guat. Special, lb., 38c

Bob White Soap, 5c
Fairy Soap, 10 bars, 65c
Pure Peanut Butter, lb., 15c
White Grape Juice, quart bottle, 50c
Toilet Paper, 7 4-oz. rolls, 25c

IF YOU WANT A TREAT FOR SUNDAY
Try one of our Larded Beef Roasts, per lb. 35c
We have only the highest grade meats



CIGARS
UNITED

Kicking Over Tradition!

Beginning Sunday next, August 3d, the traditional opening of cigar stores on Sunday will cease in all **UNITED CIGAR STORES** throughout the United States.

Sunday should be a day of rest.

Tradition has compelled cigar stores to remain open seven days a week.

Tradition has been responsible for a big majority of the world's evils.

We are firmly convinced that the world has outgrown any tradition that compels a week of seven days' labor.

We ask your Saturday patronage to take care of your Sunday needs.

N. B.—An exception to the above rule is made in a limited number of exclusive summer resort stores.

UNITED CIGAR STORES CO.



CIGARS
UNITED

MISS EDITH NAGEL TO BE MARRIED TOMORROW

St. Louis Girl to Wed New York
Man at Marion, Mass., in
Church Ceremony.

ONE of the most notable weddings of the season will take place tomorrow when Miss Edith Nagel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nagel of 44 Westmoreland place will become the bride of Henry Augustus Rice Putnam. The marriage will take place in the afternoon at the Episcopal Church at Marion, Mass., with the Rev. Dr. Alexander Mann of Trinity Church, Boston, officiating. A large reception will follow the ceremony at the Nagels' summer home and St. Louis society will doubtless be well represented as there is quite a large colony of St. Louisans summering at Marion and nearby resorts.

Miss Nagel's sister, Mrs. Homer L. Sweetster of Boston, will attend her as matron of honor and the bridesmaids will be Misses Jane White of Syracuse, Elizabeth Ranlet of Rochester, Sophie Stewart of Baltimore, and her sister, Miss Anne Dorthea Nagel.

Kenneth Moller of Boston will act as best man and the groomsmen and ushers will be Ronald Lee, William Oliven and Montague Flagg of New York City, Henry Dunn of Albany, N. Y.; Homer L. Sweetster, Alfred Kellogg and Austin Mason of Boston and Charles Nagel Jr.

Miss Nagel made her debut two years ago at a large reception and ball given by her parents and has been one of the popular belles of society here. She attended school at Washington, D. C., where she lived four years while her father was Sec-

Order the Post-Dispatch sent to your vacation address. Your carrier will place the order for you, or your telephone request will have prompt attention. Olive or Central 6600. Ask for circulation dept.

SHE WILL BE MARRIED IN EAST TOMORROW



Miss Edith Nagel.

retary of Commerce and Labor under President Taft, and later attended Farmington School at Connecticut.

Mr. Putnam is the son of Mrs. Henry R. Putnam of New York City and is a graduate of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, finishing with a degree as a mining engineer. He was recently discharged from the army where he was a Captain of Engineers.

Social Items

Miss Gladys Sellers entertained with a luncheon at her home to 30 of her most intimate friends last Wednesday, at which her engagement to Benedict Edward White was announced.

The decorations were carried out

in pink and white and the announcement was made through a large white satin bag with 30 pink ribbons attached to it, one for each guest, in the center of the table. A toy cat with Miss Sellers' engagement ring tied to it was on the end of one ribbon and it was pulled first, letting the cat out of the bag. On the end of each of the other ribbons was a miniature bouquet of sweetheart roses with the announcement card attached.

Miss Sellers is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris W. Sellers of 5146 Kensington avenue, and she received her education at the Visitation Convent.

Mr. White is a graduate of St. Louis University and served in the Tank Corps during the war. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. White of 5603 Cates avenue. No date for the wedding has been set.

Miss Lucille Gardner, daughter of Senator and Mrs. A. E. L. Gardner of "The Lindens," Kirkwood, departed Wednesday for Muskegon, Mich., to spend two weeks.

Mrs. John Lawrence Johnston of 4474 Westminister place, and her two children are at Rye, N. Y., where they have leased a cottage. Mr. Johnston departed last Wednesday to join them.

Mrs. C. M. Forster of 6251 McPherson avenue and Mr. and Mrs. L. Marquard Forster of 762 Westgate avenue are spending the summer in Colorado. They are at present at The Broadmoor, Colorado Springs.

Mrs. Leonard C. Sparks has departed for New York to meet her husband, Col. Sparks, who arrived from France last Tuesday. Col. Sparks is with the Seventeenth Field Artillery and was with the Army of Occupation in Germany. Mrs. Sparks was Miss Ruth Blackstad, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Blackstad of 1146 Amherst place.

Dr. and Mrs. Ralph Thompson of 4311 McPherson avenue departed yesterday for the coast of Maine where they have taken a cottage for August.

Mr. and Mrs. Rhodes E. Cave of 4272 Washington boulevard are receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Stifel of 2007 Hebert street and Miss Marie Stifel

and Miss Mildred Petring departed last Sunday for Hot Springs, Va., to spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Werner of the Washington Hotel departed last week to tour the Canadian Rockies. They will stop at Banff and Lake Louise and will then go to Colorado Springs, returning to St. Louis late in August.

Mrs. Christine Nordstrom Carter and daughter, Miss Louise Carter, of 4129 Lindell boulevard, and Miss Elizabeth Anderson of 5642 Enright avenue, departed Thursday on an automobile drive to Winona Lake, Ind., by way of Chicago. They will be away until late in August.

Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Blackstad of 1246 Amherst place have returned from a two months' trip through the Grand Canyon and Southern and Northern California. They returned by way of the Canadian Rockies.

Mrs. Harry Siegel of 5158 Cabanne avenue has departed for Martinville, Ind., for a short stay.

Miss Loretta Foley, daughter of Dan Foley of 2614 Glasgow avenue, and Jerome O'Shea were married last Saturday at the home of the bride's father, Father Connolly performing the ceremony. The couple are spending their honeymoon in East.

OVER-EATING
is the root of nearly all digestive evils. If your digestion is weak or out of kilter, better eat less and use

KI-MOIDS
the new aid to better digestion. Pleasant to take—effective. Let Ki-moids help straighten out your digestive troubles.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

War Committee to Sall Aug. 7.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The House war investigating committee,

inquiring into expenditures abroad, will sail for Europe Aug. 7 on the transport Mount Vernon, it was announced today.

SEVENTH AND ST. CHARLES

SATURDAY CIGAR SPECIALS

La Preferencia and Chancellors, 3 for 25c 50 Box, \$3.95	Havana Londres 5c Value (Mild); Sat. Only, 8 for 25c 50 Box, \$1.45
DON AMARO PANETELAS Saturday, 5c Each; 50 Box, \$2.50 ORIGINAL ROUGH HAVANAS 5c Value, Bundle of 10, 35c; Box of 100, \$3.50	
Preferencia, Antocrat (Hand-made), Back Smokers Pow-Ha-Tan, El Albert Tungsten, 7c Value, 5c each; 25 ctn, \$1.25 50 Box, \$2.50	Paramount and Pow-Ha-Tan Large sizes, 8c; 50 box, \$3.95
Little Chancellor Sat. box of 10, 60c LA PRUEBA Imported 6 for 25c 50 Box, \$2.00	Cutlery Specials 50c 1/2 doz. Gillette Blades, 42c 50c Pkg. Gem Blades, 42c 25c Enders Blades, 21c 30c Williams' Cream, 21c 50c Mentholated Bay Rum, 21c Witch Hazel, 29c 25c Shaving Brush, 18c \$1.00 Durham Duplex Razor, complete, 79c

Today Telephone Properties Are Returned

After a year of Federal control the telephone property which makes up the Bell Telephone System is today returned to its owners by the United States Government.

While the property has been properly maintained, it is not the same property which the Government took over on August 1, 1918. It is not as adequate for its job or as well manned as it was; that it is not is in no way the fault of Federal control, which was eminently fair. It is due to causes for which neither the Government nor the companies are to blame.

A year ago today we were at war. Labor and materials needed for both telephone operation and construction were turned to military uses. Some materials were so vital to the carrying on of the war that even the work of providing telephone facilities for the Government was retarded and no part of them could be spared for commercial telephone purposes.

No less vital was the Government need for those skilled to create, maintain and operate the vast intercommunication system necessary in modern warfare and in the conduct of the vastly increased Government services.

Thousands of telephone men were already at the battle front. Thousands more were under arms, and still telephone experts and skilled operators went into the service of the Government and contributory industries by the tens of thousands.

The reserves of plant and equipment were drawn upon until they were entirely used up and the experienced staff was gradually depleted. To find others to take the places of thousands who had gone was difficult; to train them takes time.

During the year came victory and the armistice; and instantly the business world sprang into intense activity. The demands for telephone service passed all former records.

To replace the exhausted reserves, which had been carried for just such purposes, and to replace the skilled forces to meet this unprecedented emergency, there began a rush for construction, for readjustment, for high-pressure repairs, for feverish extensions. All these must be continued with increasing effort.

The return of the property comes in the very midst of this race between an overpowering demand and an upbuilding of a system whose growth was held back and whose forces were scattered by the vital needs of war.

Much progress has been made in the upbuilding of this system; but far more is still required to meet the swift growth of the business, and also to give "first aid" to every other business and every other service struggling against an unprecedented demand.

The prosperity which creates this emergency in service creates also a scarcity of those desiring employment in the service.

Under such conditions telephone service generally has not been and could not be up to the pre-war standard. It is beyond human power to immediately overcome the handicap which the situation imposes.

There are no people in any public or private endeavor who are working more tirelessly or strenuously for the common good than those of the Telephone Companies. Service has always been given. More of it must be given and it must be improved. That improvement in some cases will take months. Eventually service must win the race with demand.



Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.

Kellogg's

"WON ITS FAVOR THROUGH ITS FLAVOR"

Millions of users endorse Kellogg's as the best known, best prepared and best liked corn flakes. We value this approval and mean to hold it.

W.K. Kellogg

Every grocer everywhere sells Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes

The sweetheart of the corn

TELEGRAPH SYSTEMS NOW BACK
IN THE HANDS OF OWNERS

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—When control of the telegraph systems of the country was formally relinquished by the Government at midnight, a reduction of 20 per cent in rates was made on the lines of the Postal company, but the Western Union retains the schedule put into effect after Postmaster-General Burleson

took control on April 1. Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal, had announced that the rate reduction would be made "in accordance with its promise to the public." He said that if expenses continued to mount charges might have to go with them. Newcomb Carlton, president of the Western Union, declared, "We cannot see our way clear to do better than we are doing at this time."

Neither would discuss the possibility of a "rate war." The head of the Postal company said return of the wires to their owners marked the end of "a powerful effort by the Postmaster-General and Bell Telephone-Western Union Companies to eliminate the competition of the Postal Telegraph Cable Co."

MEXICO IS OPEN
TO IMMIGRANTS,
SAYS CARRANZA

Nationals of All Countries
Will Be Welcomed if They
Show "Wholesome Ideas
of Citizenship."

By the Associated Press.
MEXICO CITY, Aug. 1.—Mexico will hold open the door to nationals of all countries who can show that they possess wholesome ideas of citizenship and will not prove a disturbing element in the nation. President Venustiano Carranza told the correspondent of the Associated Press today in an interview during which the chief executive commented at length on various phases of Mexico's problems.

The President's statement of the Government's attitude toward immigration was in response to an inquiry concerning declarations in the press of Mexico City that large numbers of colonists were leaving their European or Asiatic homes because of disturbed conditions due to the world war.

Carranza gave assurances that Mexico would place no barriers against proper immigration, and, in fact, would extend all possible aid to such prospective colonists. That such material aid is in contemplation is evidenced by the fact that the President recently appointed a commission to investigate all phases of the colonization problem. Senor Luis Luder y Rul, president of the commission, has announced that communications have been received from England, France, Canada, Germany and Russia in regard to the feasibility of colonies in the republic, and in each instance the answer has been that Mexico welcomes all dependable colonists.

Refuses to Define Policy.
Carranza was asked whether the Mexican Government had any policy concerning Latin America which might be construed as indicating that the solidarity of such countries was more to be desired by Mexico than alliances with any foreign nation. He replied that to date the Mexican Government was considering no such project of union and until such a proposition presents itself he refused to define a possible governmental policy.

Touching on the petroleum question, Carranza asserted that the initiative he presented to Congress last November, which was in effect an amendment to article 27 of the Constitution, probably will be considered by that body soon. He was emphatic in the declaration that the public press of the United States is being grossly influenced by the petroleum interests, who, he said, are distorting the facts. The President continued: "The petroleum companies have set out to engender ill-feeling between Mexico and the United States. They are doing this through the medium of some sections of the American press which are distorting facts to suit their own ends."

Not Opposed to Oil Concerns.
"Mexico is not opposed to the petroleum companies or to any other foreign investors. We merely require that if such companies are to operate in the republic they abide by our laws. What the new oil law will be I cannot say, for I have expressed my beliefs and ideas in my initiative of last November."

Carranza refused to venture a prediction as to action by Congress. The attitude of the Petroleum Commission, which will be a determining factor in the settlement of the present difficulties, he also declared problematical. The special commission appointed by the Mexican Senate to investigate conditions in the Tampico region has completed its work, he said, and will give its information to Congress. This report is private and is for informative purposes only.

In conclusion Carranza gave renewed assurances of his personal wishes and those of the Government that cordial relations between Mexico and the United States be maintained.

YOUR DRUGGIST will receive your Want Ads for the Post-Dispatch at the same rate charged in the main office. Try him. He sells other things than medicine. Look around.

WANT AD BRINGS RECRUITS
TO M COMPANY OF N. G. M.

Thirty Applicants Have Agreed to Join and Make \$7.50 Per Month.

This want ad was printed in the Post-Dispatch the other day:
YOUNG MEN—10; over 18; pleasant spare time work; 2 hours one night a week; pay \$7.50 a month. Box D-382, Post-Dis. (4)

More than 200 answers were received. To each applicant a letter was sent, explaining that the future consisted of belonging to a nice club, with social features, games, gymnasium and swimming pool, with no initiation fee or dues and pay for attending the Friday night meetings. If they doubted it, they were invited to come tonight at 8:15 to M Company quarters, First Regiment, National Guard, Grand avenue and Market street, and talk to the Membership Committee, C. A. Renard, O. T. Hazard and W. D. Traber.

The \$7.50 per month is the one-fourth regular army pay which is now paid members of the National Guard.

Thirty of the applicants have agreed to take the job and more are expected tonight.

"WHAT beats a Royal Flush?"
"A Solitaire Diamond, of course."
Credit \$1.00 price at Lott's Bros. & Co.,
25 floor, 508 N. 9th st. Open evenings.—Adv.

Don't Be Deceived
When You Buy Linoleum

When you go into a store to buy linoleum, make sure you get it, and not a felt paper product that closely resembles linoleum and which is frequently sold under the name of "Linoleum," "Felt Base Linoleum," "Enamelled Linoleum," "New Process Linoleum," etc. The Federal Trade Commission has decided that such felt paper floor coverings are not linoleum, and that their sale under the name, "Linoleum," deceives and misleads the public, and hence is a violation of the Act of Congress approved September 26, 1914.

The Commission finds that the word, "linoleum," has a definite meaning, and may only properly be used to describe a floor covering composed of oxidized oil and gums intimately mixed with ground cork or wood flour, pressed on a suitable fabric back. The Commission further finds that floor coverings made of felt paper saturated with asphalt, with a pattern painted upon the surface, are not linoleum, and must not be described, advertised, or sold as linoleum.

One manufacturer of felt paper floor coverings has been ordered by the Commission to stop using the word, "linoleum," in connection with his product and to discontinue its use in the name of his company until such time as he may manufacture linoleum.

Linoleum enjoys an enviable reputation as a tough, wear resisting and sanitary floor covering. There are three easy ways to distinguish linoleum from painted felt paper floor coverings:

1. Linoleum has a burlap back.
2. Linoleum does not tear easily.
3. The edge of felt paper floor coverings is always black.

The public is invited to report any violation of the Commission's ruling, on the part of any store, to the Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D. C., or to any of the undersigned manufacturers of linoleum.

Armstrong Cork Co., Linoleum Dept.
Lancaster, Pa.
The George W. Blahm Company
Philadelphia, Pa.
Oak's Linoleum Company
Trenton, N. J.

The Nairn Linoleum Company
Rearmy, N. J.
Thomas Potter, Sons & Co., Inc.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Joseph Wild & Company
New York City

BEAUTIFUL
GENUINE
DIAMONDS

Diamond
Rings
Ear Screws
La Vallieres
Tie Clasps
Searl Pins
Studs
Brooches



\$1.00
Cash
AND
\$1.00
Weekly

17-Jewel
Illinois
Watch,
\$28.50
\$1.00
Cash
\$1.00
Weekly

A HANDSOME DIAMOND

IS CERTAINLY WORTH OWNING—of course you well know that they are always increasing in value—besides a diamond when worn certainly denotes prosperity—also adds greatly to one's appearance—an excellent investment. We want you to see this special value

\$40

Aronbergs
426 North 6th St.
OPPOSITE COLUMBIA THEATRE
OPEN EVERY SATURDAY UNTIL 9 P. M.

LADIES' BEAUTIFUL
BRACELET WATCHES
\$1.00 \$20 \$1.00
CASH WEEK

Final Clearance
Men's Palm Beach
and White Oxfords

\$4.00 and \$5.00 Values

A REMARKABLE
clearance for Saturday only. Splendid Summer Footwear at an incredibly low price. Correct styles—well made—good canvas fabrics. All sizes and widths. Actual \$4.00 and \$5.00 qualities. One day only at

SHOEMART
507 Washington Ave.



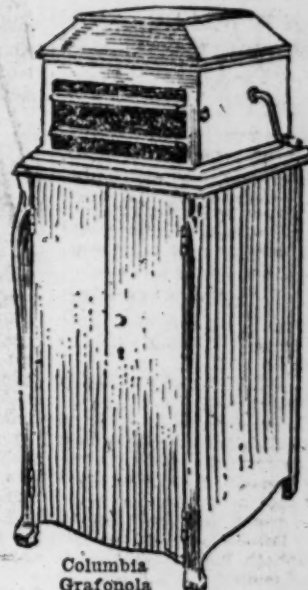
Saturday Special

on this Summer model Grafonola. Your best chance to get one.

Come Tomorrow!

\$1

Down Sends Yours Home



Pay Balance on the Easiest Terms

Decide now on your Grafonola. Good instruments will be scarcer and even harder to get. Every one fully guaranteed.

Place Your Order Early Saturday

**Widener's
Grafonola Shops**

1008 OLIVE ST.

(Formerly Columbia Graphophone Co.)

The best place in St. Louis to buy Talking Machines and Records.

"The Store of Better Service"

Mail Orders Filled Promptly

The POST-DISPATCH is the only St. Louis evening newspaper giving Associated Press news service.

Why You Are Paying
High Prices for Meat

The comment of the American press on the Federal Trade Commission's report on the packing industry would tend to show that the people do not seem to be worrying over the precise percentage of profits made by Mr. Armour and Mr. Swift and Mr. Wilson and the rest, nor are they so deeply concerned lest these gentlemen branch out too widely into the grocery business. What they do ask is: are the packers profiteering; are they keeping up the price of meat and other products they handle; are they one of the props of the High Cost of Living? While the packers have their defenders among the newspapers, there is a widespread belief that the "Big Five" cannot be held guiltless of all blame for the continuance of high food prices, as is shown in the leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST for August 2d.

Other features of more than ordinary interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

Peace Can Only Come When
Everybody Goes to Work Again

and when "the healing processes of trade" have a chance to make themselves felt. So we hear on every hand. Here's a common-sense prediction of the future of America and the rest of the world, and a discussion of "the great volume of reconstruction business which Europe is expected to send here."

Austria Paying the Fiddler

She writhes and kicks against the terrible punishment but will submit. While the American dollar, quoted before the war at five crowns, is now worth thirty-two, "the future is not so black, even for Austria." A map accompanying this article shows proud Austria before the war and the shred of territory that now remains.

Japan Rattles the Saber in Korea

Japanese journals are publishing articles in which the failure of that country's authorities to administer affairs in Korea is pointed out in harsh terms. Korea through the Korean National Association appeals to the world for freedom and makes charges against Japan that are startling, to say the least. Be sure to read this "close-up" account, which includes translations direct from the Japanese press.

A Race Riot
At President Wilson's Door

strikes some observers as a touch of irony, inasmuch as he had just returned from looking after the needs of suppressed nationalities and subject races in Europe. In this article the opinions of various editors, including representatives of the colored race, are given as to the causes and tendencies of the race riots in Washington.

Does Germany Consider the Treaty
A "Scrap of Paper?"

The Brussels Nation remarks cynically that the Germans have signed the Treaty, but they "will never execute it" as they consider it "a peace of dupes." Read this series of translations from the German, Austrian and Italian press, and you will get an answer to a question that affects the future safety of the world.

"Dry" America
As An Example to England

The Manchester Guardian says American prohibition is the "biggest blow at the use of alcohol that has been struck since Mohammed banned liquor among his followers," but other English papers are not so sure. It may be all right for America, but for England—perish the thought.

The Uproar Over Shantung

"The blackest page in all our history," cries Senator Hiram Johnson, of California, "was written when our name was signed to the Treaty delivering Shantung to Japan." Many newspapers agree and run such headlines as "Japan the Possessor of Stolen Goods," "Far Eastern Alsace-Lorraine." Others defend the Shantung Treaty. This article will give you the basic facts of the dispute and the leading opinions on both sides.

And in Addition to These Features
—The Vital News of

Religion—Science and Invention—Literature—Poetry—to say nothing of the feast of illustrations, including striking cartoons from the press of many lands—makes THE DIGEST indeed the one necessary magazine for intelligent men and women.

August 2d Number on Sale Today—All News-dealers—10 Cents

'Tis a
Mark of
Distinction to
Be a Reader of
The Literary
Digest

The
Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

AUGUST 1, 1919.

MUSICAL

MUSICAL
did agree. 15c line, minimum \$8
account 1c per line on three
more insertions.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION
N. mandolin, guitar, banjo, uke-
lele; instruments loaned. Putnam,
Bonard.

TIME (Jazz): In 20 lessons or more
piano, guitar, voice. Christ-
mas. 503 Holland Bldg.; also
Booklet mailed free, Olive 2972,
764L.

TUNING AND REPAIRING
BERT & SON, 2607 Franklin av.,
date on tuning, repairing and re-
Bomont 171, Central 1571.

UNING: repairing; factory man.
153L, Sidney 2869, Shop, 3410
AY

TUNING: pianos, players: first-
 work guaranteed, 25 years' ex-
 H. Kautz, 2529 S. Jefferson, S.
 Victor 25761.
 EXPERT piano tuning; repairing
 able; all work guaranteed. M. J.
 2718 Park. Phone Grand 3900, V

WANTED
 paid for secondhand musical in-
 s. TONY PLACHT, 1001 Pine at
 10th.

PIANOS AND ORGANS
 -For sale; square; cheap;
 Call 1515 Lemp.
 -For sale, also contents of 6-
 ment. \$35 Goodfellow, Cabany 18

CR-PIANO-For sale, beautiful,
 will sell for \$150 cash. In stora-

—For sale, Kimball parlor

RD \$85.-For sale; a very nice light
velvet piano in oak case; shows
case; terms cash.
WURLITZER CO. 1109 Olive, (e)
-For sale, my \$400 mahogany
for \$125; in excellent condition;
ordinary bargain. 5217 Neosho st.
-PIANO.-For sale; 88-note; price
new; cost \$600; will sacrifice. I.
Post-Dispatch.
-GENT.-For sale, upright, \$25; a
very nice mahogany case; used a short
time only in great bargain for first call
to suit.
WURLITZER CO. 1109 Olive, (e)
-For sale, \$175; an excellent mahogany
upright, only slightly used; can be
sold from new; a duet bench also
included.
WURLITZER CO. 1109 Olive, (e)
-For sale, Harvard upright; a fine

new beginner: has been used but

PIANO-PRICER \$385. Terms to suit, 7%
WIRTSCHER CO., 1109 Olive, (el)
For sale, a Very good tone piano
Kaukau for a young man; name: a
for a young, scholar, to learn
\$5. terms \$5 per month.
WURTSCHER CO., 1109 Olive, (el)
H has nice Fletcher upright; N
and upright, \$75, both big snappers;
PIANO AND TALKING MACHINE
RANGE, 1007-1000 MARKET ST.,
L. \$165- For sale, a splendid pi
home; has been used only a sho
not pass up the opportunity; pri
WIRTSCHER CO., 1109 Olive, (el)
PIANO-PLAYER - \$250 buys this in
Instrument. A1 condition; best bo
terms \$2.50 weekly.
PIANO AND TALKING MACHINE
RANGE, 1007-1000 MARKET ST.,
L.
-PIANO- For sale; Styuevant;

layer; beautiful mahogany; H
\$5; terms \$3 weekly.
LAND AND TALKING MACHINE

PANO- For sale; Kingston; \$200. Note player, only used for demo in our music roll department; works fine; do not fail to see this player full of music rolls and bench and free terms can be had. **THE R. W. CO.** - 1109 Olive. (C-3)

PIANO- For sale, upright; a piano the very little use. It has a very plain finish in mahogany finish; price cut down at \$145; terms very easy. **W. S. N. "easy-to-play"** Guibards (demos: mahogany, walnut) - payments, \$3.50; bench: \$10 Q. Return value for the money anywhere. **E. L. HORST** - 1109 Olive st. 7 years the Reliable Music Store. (C-3)

UPRIGHT PIANOS, \$100, \$120, \$125 up rebuilt; guaranteed; well-known.

North \$250 to \$700 new; mahogany oak; payments \$5 monthly; ex-
clusive for new Mason & Hambley

McCann, Apollo, Kimball, Kieselhorst's
in piano or player-piano in on
Full credit.
KIESELHORST'S.
1879. 1007 Olive st.
Years the Reliable Music Store.
(c14
STELL, BEST PLACE
No interest charged; 10 per cent of
with interest and discount; save
to \$100. Luster players are both
for: \$500 to \$700. -1414-16 N. 16th
(c15
TALKING MACHINES
K in talking machines and slightly
used. 1006 Pine st.
MACHINES—Slightly used, but
used; cabinet styles, \$50 and
new, \$8 and up; terms if desired,
phonograph Co., 1825 S. Broadway

—For sale; excellent condition.

RECORDS
 stock of Edison records in the
 to in to hear your favorite records.
 A MUSIC HOUSE, 512 Pine, (adv
 and phonographs bought, 1/100
 exchanged. Record Exchange. (city)

TOMOBILES
 rate, 15c line, minimum \$5c.
 \$10 per line on three or
 more insertions.

FOR HIRE
 Ford; new 1919 touring; for \$1

Forest 2128. (c8)
--Private car by owner for all oc-

Forest 3140. (c8)
 1918 7-passenger Chandler tour-
 carful drivers. Deimar 20711. (c8)
 Truck: hauling by hour. Day or
 by contract. 4211W Natar (c8)
 Colfax 440. (c8)
 One-ton truck, by hour, day or
 contract; owner drives car. Vi- (7)
 Dodge cars. Yes, we have
 they are brand-new. Ever Ready
 Co., Lindell 493, Central 4161. (c8)
TRUCKS FOR HIRE
 MANFRED CO., 17th and Walnut
 S. Central 773. (c8)
WANTED
 ~~~~~  
 Wid. - Any kind; ready cash. (c7)

ES Wtd. Forda, Buicha and  
nick cash. Morris, RR27 Locust;

(c6)  
-Roadster or touring car; will  
fit late model. Box Y-175, Post-  
(c)  
E Wtd.-Will trade 3-room  
lot. 50x150 for Ford or Chev-  
er. Benton 342W. 5234 Elm.  
(c6)  
-ER Wtd.-All kinds, ready cash;  
no object. We are buyers. Max-  
main office, 4106 Olive. Lindell  
(c6)  
your car; we guarantee 20 per  
cent. We set yours over and  
charge you nothing for serv-  
ice. Auto Repair Shop, 6535  
Met.  
(c7)  
-Little 6 roadster; all cash.  
Kasmuth.  
(c8)  
-Late model, touring; will  
Lindell, 3613 Finney. Lindell  
(1)

ks and Dodge wanted; quick;  
e, 3327 Locust; 3d floor (c8)

N. - Highest prices paid. Phone (c)  
 New touring cars; will pay for immediate delivery. Central 1129.  
 STER BODY Wld. - Must be in good; pay good cash price. Bismarck Market St. Central 1800.  
 E Wld. - Late model; pay \$500 for Crown plans. Box A-344. h. (c)  
 Coupe; 1918 preferred; must be, demountable rims. Victor  
 - I want to buy a touring car for owner for spot cash. Call me at 2-1000 or Sunday. 5837  
 K Wld. - For equity in 8-room bldg. of ground. St. Louis Y-267. Fox-Diagonal  
 E Wld. - Late model; cash. Call

Re Bonn. 610 Madison av







OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT 'TIL 9 O'CLOCK

**All 2 and 3 Piece Suits—  
All Extra Trousers—  
All Boys' Clothes—  
Must Be Cleared  
Away at  
Once!**

**Out They Go!**

Think what it will mean to you! Think of what a big chance this is to stock up for future use for even the amazingly low prices quoted below do not tell the full story! The only way you can realize the real worth and immensity of this wonderful clearance sale is to see the garments themselves. Don't wait.

COME SATURDAY!

HOT WEATHER SUITS-OUT THEY GO!

- LOT 1** Consists of about 150 stylish cool cloth two-piece Suits in the light flaky colors—Suits that ought to sell at \$10 and \$11. But Out They Go Saturday at..... **\$6.35**
- LOT 2** Fine Cool Cloths, stylish Bermudas, nifty coolkenny crash and a few genuine Palm Beach Suits are included in this lot—about 460 Suits in all. Out They Go at..... **\$8.35**
- LOT 3** This big group embraces fine quality mohairs in the silky black and dark blue shades as well as genuine Palm Beaches in the lightest shades—plenty of sizes, including stouts—Out They Go at..... **\$11.35**

MEN'S SUITS-OUT THEY GO!

- LOT 1** Suits Worth \$20.00, **\$13.85**  
Splendid, well-made 3-piece Suits, of casimere, worsteds and homespun—scores of neat patterns and all sizes—Suits that are real \$20 values—Out They Go at.....
- LOT 2** Suits Worth \$25.00, **\$16.35**  
Sturdy wear-resisting Worsteds in the desirable dark patterns—out in the conservative models and tailored to fit perfectly—all sizes—Out They Go at.....
- LOT 3** Suits Worth \$27.50, **\$17.85**  
Classy 2 and 3 piece Suits of extra quality medium-weight fabrics—cut in the latest styles and some are quarter silk lined—all sizes. Out They Go at.....
- LOT 4** Suits Worth \$30.00, **\$21.85**  
Up-to-the-minute Suits in such wanted materials as blue, green and brown all-wool chevrons—also hundreds of casimere. Out They Go at.....
- LOT 5** Suits Worth \$40.00, **\$26.35**  
Fine quality hand-tailored Suits in many different patterns and materials—very Suits unusually well finished—sizes for everybody. Out They Go at.....

MEN'S PANTS-OUT THEY GO!

- LOT 1** PANTS Worth \$2.50, **\$1.47**  
Men! If you want great durability at a low price don't fail to see this big lot of strong Work Pants—sizes 30 to 46 waist—Out They Go at.....
- LOT 2** PANTS Worth \$3.00, **\$1.77**  
Exceptionally well made Pants that are very popular with men who demand great durability and service—sizes 28 to 46. Out They Go at.....
- LOT 3** PANTS Worth \$4.50, **\$2.77**  
Practically every pair in this big lot of casimere and worsted Pants would cost from \$2.00 to \$3.00 at whole sale, but we are making a clean-up so Out They Go at.....
- LOT 4** PANTS Worth \$6.00, **\$3.77**  
A big selection of worsteds and casimere—any size—any pattern or any color—Pants that are made to fit—Out They Go Saturday at.....
- LOT 5** PANTS Worth \$7.50, **\$4.77**  
Fine quality worsteds, in the stripes and fancy mixtures—that are popular for dress wear—sizes to fit most every one—Out They Go at.....
- LOT 6** PANTS Worth \$8.00, **\$5.00**  
Genuine pure-wool blue serge Pants, in sizes 28 to 46 waist! Pants that can be worn for all occasions—cuffs or plain bottoms—Out They Go at.....

BOY'S CLOTHES-OUT THEY GO!

- Boys' Cassimere School Suits at \$5.77**  
Sturdy materials that will surprise you as to long-wearing qualities—plenty of dark patterns—sizes 8 to 18—\$8 and 10 values—Out They Go at.....
- Boys' Genuine Palm Beach Suits \$3.90**  
Also classy cool cloth Suits, in both light and dark colors! Cool, comfortable and always dressy! Sizes 8 to 18. Worth \$7 and \$8. Out They Go at.....
- Boys' Cassimere Knickers at \$1.33**  
Staunch, serviceable casimere Knickers—made to stand unusual hard wear—neat dark patterns—sizes 6 to 18—Out They Go at.....

- Boys' \$12.75 and \$16.75 Early Fall Suits \$8.77**  
Double Knives! Double seats! Double Elbows! Waterproofed fabrics!
- Mother! If you have ever bought boys' clothing for future use, now is the time to do it! These high-grade Suits sell in every other city at \$12.75 and \$16.75. We bought them at a big discount—as long as they last (sizes 7 to 18). Out They Go at.....

**WELT**

Open Saturday Night 9 O'Clock

**CLOTHING COMPANY**  
N. W. Cor. Eighth and Washington Av.

## GEN. PERSHING BEGINS LAST TOUR OF U. S. AREA

Departs for Coblenz Following Review of Famous American Battalion in Paris.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Prior to his departure for Coblenz last night, where today he is to begin his "valedictory" tour of German occupied territory, first visiting the American troops and then the French and British zones, Gen. John J. Pershing yesterday afternoon received the American newspaper correspondents in his Paris home.

Gen. Pershing talked with the correspondents on various subjects—the American dead buried in France, against the removal of which he said he would advise; the preparations that are being made for the American troops to leave France and concerning the release of the 48,000 German prisoners held by the American army.

After his reception of the correspondents, Gen. Pershing reviewed the famous American composite battalion which represented the American Expeditionary Force in Paris in the Bastille day parade and in London at the Victory day celebration. The review probably will prove the last official American military ceremony in France.

Would Leave U. S. Dead in France. Gen. Pershing's trip will carry him over the entire Western battle-front from Belfort, near the Swiss border, to Neuport, on the Belgian coast. In declaring that he did not favor the removal of the American dead buried in France, Gen. Pershing said he was arranging for a conference with American artists with a view to making plans for the beautification of permanent cemeteries and the erection of monuments. He spoke with some emphasis, saying he felt that, as the men had fought and died in France, they should lie in France.

He said he believed the French felt the same as he did and that the presence of the American dead in their soil would always be a reminder of how the two nations had fought together.

With regard to preparations for leaving France, Gen. Pershing could be ready on 10 days' notice to turn everything over to the French.

Gen. Pershing declared that the 48,000 German prisoners held by the American army might be released as soon as the peace treaty is ratified by three of the great Powers. He did not believe it would be necessary to await ratification of the treaty by the United States Senate.

Crowds Cheer Americans. Great crowds gathered for the review in the Bois de Vincennes, although no official notice that the review would be held had been published.

The spectators cheered the splendid battalion of picked men as it swung by in full marching equipment with the clocklike precision that has made it famous both in Paris and London.

American Ambassador, stood at Gen. Pershing's right during the review. When the ceremony ended the crowds pushed forward and surrounded Gen. Pershing, shaking his hand and patting him on the back. Many women held up babies to be kissed by the American commander. Gen. Pershing's staff endeavored to form a bodyguard to get him to his automobile, but the General laughingly submitted to the demonstration, kissed baby after baby and shook hands with everyone who managed to get near him. Finally he entered his car, amid rousing cheers for the United States and himself.

Gen. Pershing expects to depart for the United States early in September.

## TWO CHARGED WITH MURDER IN SLAYING OF KRALLMANN

Walter C. Ballman and Timothy McCarthy Named in Informations.

Issued Today.

Walter G. Ballman and Timothy McCarthy, previously held as accessories for the killing last Friday night of Henry Krallmann, a saloon keeper at 2072 Marcus avenue, today were charged with first degree murder in informations issued by the Circuit Attorney. Similar informations were issued against Charles Ellis and John O'Donnell, who the Coroner's jury had previously recommended be held for the murder. O'Donnell has not been arrested. The others have.

Krallmann was shot to death by one of two men who entered his saloon and ordered glasses of beer. Ballman has confessed that he and McCarthy sat outside in a machine, while Ellis and O'Donnell went inside. The four had gone there together.

It's Easy to Pay the Lottis Way. Diamond, Watches, Jewelry, \$1 a Week. Lottis Bros. & Co., 21 E. 308 N. 6th St.—AD.

## AUTHOR OF ARITHMETICS DIES

Prof. Eugene L. Dubbs Was Visiting Son at Clayton.

Prof. Eugene Lindley Dubbs, 73 years old, of Wyoming, O., author of a series of nationally known arithmetics bearing his name, died at St. John's Hospital yesterday following an operation. Prof. Dubbs and his wife arrived a month ago to visit their son, Marion H. Dubbs, 653 Hanley road, Clayton, and they celebrated their golden wedding here.

Interment will be at Wyoming Saturday under the auspices of the Masonic order.

During the first six months of 1919 the Post-Dispatch printed 12,201 Musical "Wants"—1902 more than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers combined.

## FAMOUS-BARR CO.

We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Books for \$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

Largest Distributors of Merchandise at Retail in Missouri or the West.

## Store Closes Saturday at 1 P. M.

## The August Sales Now in Full Swing

Have a Message of Economy for You

Keenly alive to the tastes and needs of St. Louisans, most every department in this big store has prepared as never before for the August Sales of 1919. This sale—like its predecessors, is a practical and most convincing demonstration of this store's super value-giving ability—due to its unique position as a buying organization. Special August Sale tickets throughout the store will serve as guide posts to economy. Look for them.

Scan the Pages of Your Favorite Daily Paper for the Latest

## Hot-Weather Clothes News

From St. Louis' Foremost Clothing Store

A good full month of August humidity yet to come makes the subject of "cool clothes" most vitally interesting to St. Louisans. Any man who wants style and service as well as comfort will find it in the following super-values.

## Cool Priestley Mohair Suits

Unusual Values at..... **\$24.50**

Light weight and extremely comfortable are these ideal Suits for Summer. Tailored of silky-finished mohair, in pencil stripe of blue and white and black and white; also in self stripes and checks. All are quarter-lined. Sizes for stouts, shorts, slims and extra sizes.

## Waist-Seam Suits

Of Palm Beach Cloth. **\$18.50**

Waist-seam and belted effects, as well as other snappy and up-to-the-moment styles are featured. Splendidly tailored, with piped seams and satin yokes. Newest shades, including olive, tan, gray, brown and sand.

## Palm Beach Suits

Specially Priced at..... **\$11.75**

Of cold-water shrunk Palm Beach cloth, in the new and popular shades and patterns; expertly tailored. These suits were specially purchased from a leading maker and offered considerably under price.

## Batavia Auto Casings

at Savings of 40% Off Regular List Prices

These are all first-grade Tires and are sold with the manufacturer's adjustment guarantee of 4000 miles.

| List Sale Price                    | List Sale Price                   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 30x3 Non-Skid.....\$17.07 \$10.25  | 32x4 Non-Skid.....\$24.58 \$20.75 |
| 30x3½ Plain.....\$18.48 \$11.10    | 33x4 Non-Skid.....\$36.26 \$21.75 |
| 34x4 Non-Skid.....\$21.78 \$13.10  | 34x4 Non-Skid.....\$37.14 \$22.30 |
| 30x3½ Non-Skid.....\$21.78 \$13.10 | 35x4½ Ribbed.....\$49.83 \$29.35  |
| 32x3½ Plain.....\$21.69 \$12.98    | 37x5 Ribbed.....\$60.81 \$36.48   |
| 32x3½ Non-Skid.....\$25.24 \$15.20 | 37x5 Non-Skid.....\$63.98 \$38.38 |

Mormiles Tablets—make motor self-cleaning—Increase power and add mileage—\$1 box.....65c

## A Tub Skirt Sale

For Saturday Only at

**\$1.50**

A Most Extraordinary August Sale Feature

Just 225 Washable Skirts at this remarkable price, in sizes 27 to 30 waist only. They are neatly fashioned of honeycomb materials, in several stylish models. The material being pre-shrunk, perfect laundering is assured. Every skirt in the lot has been greatly reduced.

Other specially desirable models at \$2 and \$4.

Third Floor

## Boys' Summer Suits

\$7.50 to \$10 Values, Saturday for

**\$5.60**

Neat-looking and comfortable Suits made of Palm Beach and Panama cloth; waist-seam models with detachable belts and patch or slash pockets. The wanted shades, including tan, gray and fancy patterns. Sizes 8 to 17 years.

## Boys' Knickers, 63c

95c Values

Of serviceable wash fabrics in plain colors and striped effects; with hip and watch pockets, belt loops and button bottom. Sizes 6 to 17.

Second Floor

## Read How the August Sale Affects MEN'S STRAWS



In many instances a man gets double value for his money, and in every case he saves a big percentage.

**\$1.85 Straws, \$1.00**

Rainproof straws, Sennits, Milans, Trucicollas and Manillas.

**\$2.50 Straws, \$1.50**  
Sennits, rainproof straws, Tuscan, Manillas, Leghorns, Fancy Braids, San Juan Porto Ricans and Toves.

Entire stock of genuine \$5.00 South American Panamas at \$2.95

**\$4 Straws, \$2.00**  
Entire stock of handmade Hats in Belgian and Chinese splits, sennits and fancy braids.

Main Floor

## Men's Oxfords

**\$7.50**

Choice of All \$9 and \$10 Values

Footwear for the critical man in tan or mahogany Russia calf, black gunmetal or kid. Made on the newest Eng'ls or medium toe shape.

## Boys' Oxfords, \$1.90

Short lots of \$2 and \$2.50 Oxfords with leather or fiber soles and rubber heels.

Second Floor

## Men's Shirts

Saturday Special

**\$2.15**

You'll like these Shirts, as they're products of one of America's most representative makers—and are offered at a specially low price tomorrow. All are in the new 1919 Summer patterns, soft cuff style and cut full and roomy. Sizes 14 to 17. Shown in various sleeve lengths and in neck-band model.

Main Floor

## WOMEN'S BATHING SUITS

\$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98 Values Special..... **\$2.39**

This unusual offer includes all of our Basement Economy Bathing Suits originally marked at above prices. Choice of One-piece California Knit Bathing Suits or Fancy Mohair Suits in solid black, navy, green and rose, also color combinations. "V" or square necks. Sizes 36 to 46, also some misses' sizes.

## Children's Bathing Suits, \$1.88

One-piece Bathing Suits for little tots, trimmed with breast stripes. Good selection of colors.

## Women's \$1 Bathing Suit Tights, 79c

Black Tights to be worn under bathing suits. These are of good quality and come in all sizes.

Basement Economy Store





Col. Monroe McFarland, new commandant at Jefferson Barracks. He has served 30 years in the army and was Brigadier-General in command of the 162nd Infantry Brigade of the Eighty-first Division in France.



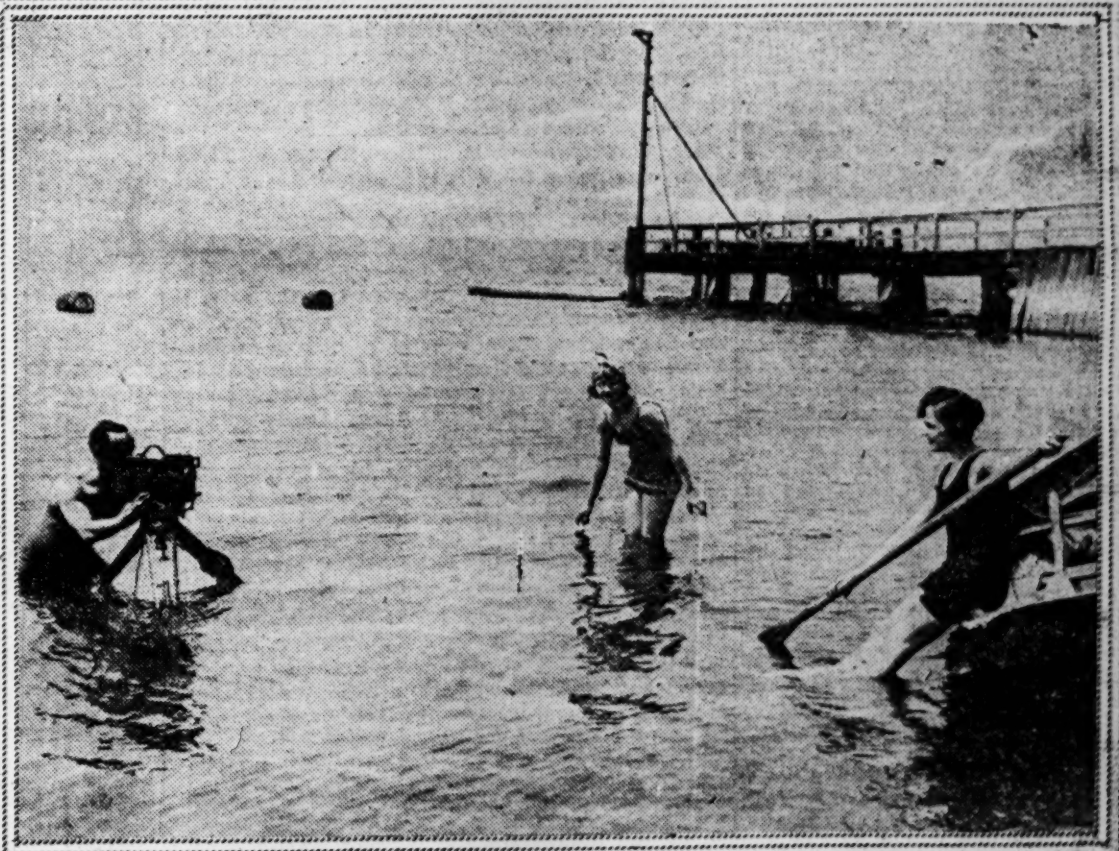
"The Americans Come!" Scene looking up Champs Elysees towards Arc de Triomphe during great Bastille day parade in Paris. Wounded poilus cheer from sidelines.



Wounded soldiers of all allied nations participated in victory parade on France's national holiday.



Count Kaloman Kanya, Austrian Minister to Mexico, photographed as he passed through St. Louis on his way to Vienna. He had been constantly in Mexico for 1 1/2 years.



On days when the thermometer runs up to 90, the movie camera man's lot is sometimes a happy one.



Miss Rhoda Silverberg, solo ballerina in the "Jewel Dance" to be given at the St. Louis Pageant of Fashion.



First trainload of interned German prisoners at Quebec, waiting to be shipped back to Germany.



Miss Kitty Cannute of Texas rides a famous outlaw horse and wins second prize in contest for champion woman rough rider at Cheyenne Frontier celebration.

CO.  
Merchandise  
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## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER

Dec. 12, 1878.

Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.,

Twelfth and Olive Streets.

POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION

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DAILY AND SUNDAY 189,796

## THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight for the rights of the public, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

## Bring Profiteers to Time.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

It is high time for the business crooks and profiteers to be brought to justice. I noticed an item in your paper last Sunday where men's clothes are going to be 100 per cent higher next spring than they are now, and I think if the public lets them pull the wool over its eyes, like that they won't quit raising prices till the worst has to happen, which I hope our lawmakers will take steps to prevent before it is too late.

I would like to have you or someone who knows explain briefly why it is that our products are sold to foreign countries at a big reduction from the cost to the American public. For instance, England buys flour in America and sells it for 50 per barrel; we pay \$14 for the same quantity. England buys beef for 8 cents a pound dressed, when our market is at least 15 cents to 18 cents on foot. You will notice that an item on profits made by the Central Leather Co. shows a net profit for the first six months of this year that for last year, and proves that these people are keeping up prices because they know the people will pay, and just keep raising for no reason except to rob the dear public, which I hope, will soon get next to themselves and show the robbers where they get off. A manufacturer has advertised for export shoes for which we pay from \$4.50 to \$18 in America at \$1.50 to \$5.75. How do you account for such robbery? In closing, I just want to remark that 4,000,000 men were under arms for democracy and if they are going to sit by and let things run as they have in the past, they will have to fight another war. Some of the returned fighters are getting their old jobs back, and the cheap-screw employers who paid more money during the war to men who held these jobs while they were gone think they are very patriotic by giving the jobs to their old jobs. They don't overlook the fact that by so doing they are making money, as they only pay them the same as before the boys left. It's a disgrace to see the amount of men who robbed the Government and public during the war, who are sporting automobiles and flying high while the poor under dog who gets \$60 when discharged has to rely on friends to get enough clothes to make himself a decent-looking civilian again. They sure don't think of the money for which they have robbed them in all the little towns around the camps, robbed them in France and now are going to rob them after their discharge.

DRAFTED MAN.

## An 89th Man's Experience.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I've been out of service seven weeks. The first week I registered at the Demobilization Bureau and made daily calls until I have worn out an \$8 pair of shoes, the money for which I have to borrow. Being unfortunate enough to lose my pass containing that \$60 bonus—to buy \$100 worth of clothes with—I have tried hard to land a position to meet the living cost. But tell me, what chance have I to live on a salary of \$15 or \$16 a week, offered by some of our patriotic business men? I must say it sure is a tough break. Friends of mine tell me the hard time they have getting along on \$25 and \$16 per week. Only pray to God that something happens soon to give some of us unfortunate ones an opportunity to make an honest living before we take the wrong path.

M. DALLEET.

## Of the Fighting 89th Division.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

One of our city's most glaring weak spots is the prevalence of unnecessary noises, especially after business hours. The yelling of newsboys, the howling of whistles, the howling and barking of the useless dog, the early milkman, who begins his deliveries shortly after midnight and who seemingly has no regard for his fellow man who is obliged to work during the day.

It is, indeed, hard for some of us to get sufficient rest, particularly during the warm weather, to fit us for an honest day's work.

Suppress unnecessary noises and make St. Louis a better place in which to live.

A NERVOUS.

## Bonus for Ex-Soldiers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

As your paper is always ready to boost a good cause, I am writing to ask your valuable help to agitate the question of Missouri giving her native sons who served in the war a bonus, as Massachusetts, Wisconsin and many other states have done. I am sure Missouri is able to do as much as other states of the U. S. A., and her generosity has always been known. I am a returned soldier from the front in Germany. I returned broken in health, not able to do hard work, and \$100 would help me along until I gained my strength and health again. Many men like myself would appreciate a little help from our State. Missouri should give something to her boys besides parades. Many of us boys are not able to walk in parades.

A SOLDIER NATIVE OF ST. LOUIS.

## THE BIG PROBLEM.

The statement of Grand Chief Warren S. Stone and the Advisory Board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers to the President and his Cabinet on the high cost of living goes to the heart of the question. It is written in fine spirit. It is an intelligent statement of conditions affecting wages and living costs.

Mr. Stone says that one of two things must happen—the price of necessities must be reduced or wages must go up. He points out that present prices of necessities cut the pay of engineers in half. They are actually earning in purchasing power less than half what they earned before the war.

Mr. Stone suggests two causes of high prices. One is economic, the cheapened dollar through currency expansion, and the other is profiteering. He charges "conscienceless profiteering by the great interests which have obtained control of all necessities of life." This he thinks the main cause. Economic conditions caused by the war supplement profiteering.

The statement urges prompt action in solving the problem of the rising cost of necessities on account of the widespread spirit of unrest and dissatisfaction pervading wage earners who are feeling the pinch of distress. If prices are not reduced then wages must go up and he sees danger in this endless-chain process of increasing wages to meet increasing prices. Mr. Stone's statement is supplemented by the statement of William G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, that if prices are not reduced the trainmen would enforce demands for higher wages on Oct. 1.

Mr. Stone gives the President and his Cabinet a difficult task. How shall the Government reduce prices? Manifestly the first step is to find out precisely the causes of high prices. How much is due to economic causes arising from the war and how much to conscienceless profiteering?

What we need more than anything else is accurate information. It is dangerous to tinker with economic causes. Things might become worse. On the other hand, a remedy for profiteering cannot be applied until the profiteering is uncovered.

What part have heavy taxes played in putting up prices? During the war the Government encouraged rather than discouraged high prices to reduce consumption of food and other necessities and to increase excess profit returns. What is the full effect of governmental war policy on prices?

It ought not to be difficult to discover the cost of production from the raw material to the counter of the merchant. If the cost of a half-dozen staples were obtained and compared with their prices to the consumer, we would find out where the trouble lies. That is what we want—find the causes and deal with them intelligently and vigorously.

The problem must be met. The President says branches of the Government that might aid in solving the problem are at work. Congress is wasting golden time. While the Senate is trying to save the country from the President's awful conspiracy to guarantee permanent peace, domestic problems are pressing. This is the biggest problem and it is charged with explosives.

Are the conductors trying to take a hand in the North-Americanization of the U. S.?

## SETTLE THE TELEPHONE STRIKE.

Government control of the telegraph and telephone business ended completely last night at midnight, without rider or reservation. This return of the wires to private ownership and management is an event of national importance, but to us in St. Louis it has special significance. The protracted strike here against the Bell Telephone Co. continues to drag its weary length with little prospect of settlement. Up to now, Mr. Burleson, the Mr. Malaprop of the administration, has been an obstacle, real or fictitious, to an adjustment. Burleson is now removed from the equation.

With the Postmaster-General eliminated it ought to be possible for the Bell Telephone Co. and its employees to get together and effect an agreement. As the Post-Dispatch understands it, the only serious point of difference between the Bell company and its striking employees is recognition of the latter's right to organize, implicit in which is, of course, the principle of collective bargaining. Since this principle of collective bargaining is widely, almost universally, in effect, it seems unwise for any industry to stand out against it.

The Post-Dispatch is aware that the Bell Telephone Co. will criticize this diagnosis as faulty. That company has declared its willingness to treat with employees as a union, but it declines to recognize them as a local of the electrical workers' organization. But in that attitude the Bell Telephone Co. may be charged with tendering the shadow while withholding the substance. Were it an individual, independent concern its position might be justified. But it is not. It is itself a "local" in a big organization. In any controversy with its local force it would have the resources of other plants to draw on, just as it has done in the present difficulty. Being itself a product of big-dimension industry, its employees, it seems to us, should be privileged to organize in the same dimension. If denied this, it is doubtful if the employees could enforce the principle of collective bargaining.

In the opinion of the Post-Dispatch the Bell Telephone Co. should face the facts of the situation fairly, should forget strategy, discard tactics and set up a reasonable, modern relationship with its employees.

Judging from price forecasts, high shoes will be higher than ever next winter.

## THE SPECIAL POTENCIES OF ROYALTIES.

There was a time when the Emperor of Japan wore a bamboo veil over his face in public, and it was believed that blindness, all sorts of afflictive things, would come to the common man who might gaze on his unprotected countenance. Now, with a graciousness imitated in other directions by royalties the world round, he permits himself to be gazed at with the parts of his anatomy uncovered which ordinary mortals are accustomed to leave uncovered, and even to be photographed, and nothing more distressing results than comes from gazing on any other set of not particularly attractive features.

Royalties generally are just as good as good can be now, and with excellent reason. Having discovered that they can take a look at his majesty with no more danger to eyesight than a look at anybody else, the Japanese may discover that no greater merit attaches to the acts of one who inherits a right to rule than attaches to the acts of one they might select themselves because of his special fitness for ruling. Other peoples may make the same discovery who have not made it already.

But that tradition about occasioning a need for the occult's services, other traditions about other special potencies with which royalties generally were supposed to be invested, were a great thing in their time—for the royalties.



VILLA: MAYBE I OUGHT TO INTERVENE!

## The MIRROR of PUBLIC OPINION

## BRITISH NAVAL RELICS.

From the London Telegraph.

TO naval men and students of our maritime history the collection of medals formed by Admiral the Marquis of Milford Haven has long been known as commemorating the valorous deeds of British seamen since the days of Drake. This historic collection will be offered for sale at Sotheby's. One of the most important naval relics is to form the first lot in the dispersal. It happens to be one of the oldest. This is Drake's "Silver Map," which the great seaman had engraved to represent in miniature the famous map made by Michael Mercator for display in Queen Elizabeth's gallery, to show the track of the navigator's voyage around the world in the Golden Hind. The year of departure, "Exitus 1577," and the year of return, "Reventus 1580," are on this large plate. In all Drake had five made. One is preserved still with the Drake heirlooms at Nutwell Court, and of the four given to friends two are in the British Museum, one in the Sir John Rylands collection, and the one belonging to the Marquis, which weighs 678 grains Troy.

Medals in honor of the defeat of the Armada are included, and three specially struck to signalize the British "Dominion of the Sea." In 1639, in 1639 and in 1615. Eleven commemorating the victory of La Hougue in 1692 and a fine series relating to Admiral Vernon and Portobello, 1739-41. There are also medals of the "Victory of June, 1704," and "Nile" and "Trafalgar" emblems of Nelson are further prizes, with the grand finale in our own day, "Jutland, 1916" (three specimens), inscribed "The German High-sea Fleet held against odds till routed by Invincible Might." And the thought arises, what engraver-medallist can adequately symbolize the sequel?

## SEARCH FOR MYTHICAL FORTUNES.

From the New York Sun.

THE governor of the Bank of England, Sir Brien Cokayne, has a curious disposition "authoritatively" a "delusion" regarding that famous institution, a delusion which he describes as involving "the game of the United States as well as England." In real private tragedies, an absolute denial before the House of Commons that the Bank of England held any large amounts of unclaimed balances.

But if the governor of the Bank of England thinks that by his statement he will put an end to the search for mythical fortunes he is mistaken. With every generation there will be some person to hunt for Capt. Kidd's gold, shipwreck treasure in the South Seas and fortunes in land and gold left by an ancestor. It is a part of the game of life which will be kept alive so long as people will continue to be deluded and so long as those persons to whom Sir Brien refers as "unprincipled" can profit by fostering such delusions.

## ANOTHER GOOD TIME COMING.

There is something amusing about the appearance upon our national horizon of the female political boss. Why it should amuse us is not easily understood, since man has resented the disposition of woman to boss him and women who boss their husbands are as well known in communities as drunkards. However, this is a pleasant morning in summer. There is enough of a prospect of rain to make one's mind wish to grow, and we are going to work at the reason why it amuses us to witness the coming of the female political boss. First let us admit that we all know women who are born bosses and have from time to time tried to boss this, that and the other thing, causing no end of unhappiness and always bouncing off at last to something else, leaving what ever they tried to boss in much the same state of collapse as a china shop is in after a bull has gone through it.

What has been our impression of these people? Has it not been this, that we have regarded them as unhappy beings without any real sphere for operation? Have we not time and again said that we wished this or that woman might find something she could boss—something she could take and hold by force, in exactly the same way man has done until we are so accustomed to no longer are either conscious of or resent them? Of course we have. Is this, however, amusing, that these women are to find in politics what they have lacked, and that we are to get rid of them in little things not needing to be bossed because they will have found a sphere as big as their disposition to boss? No. That is not amusing. We must look beyond for the thought prompting amusement in us when we see the female political bosses advancing to the front. What really amuses us is a very sweet and satisfying assurance. Without knowing just how it is going to happen, we know that these women are finally coming to grip with a foe who will not spare them, as we have always had to spare them in everything else they have tried to boss. It is in politics, then, that both we and they are to find what we are all looking for. They will have the satisfaction of actually being bossed and accepted as such, and we will have the pleasure of hearing them called bosses publicly and without any tendency to spare them because they are women. They will have the joy of ruling brutally, as political bosses must rule; and we will occasionally be gratified to see them brutally thrown out, crushed, done for, as all political bosses are finally. In other words, they who live by the sword shall die by the sword. Too many female bosses living by the sword have been spared death by the sword because of restraints put upon us everywhere except in politics. That, then, is what amuses us about it. After centuries of unhappiness, these ladies are to get their things—using theirs in every way you can think of. Those of them who are not residents of tolerance do come in the world, you know. Don't forget what happened the Germans.

The Mayor says he sometimes laid awake nights during the referendum rumple, and he admits that the way he got around meeting the folks was for a while wonderful. He thinks he must have been a little bit of a sleepless period, and speaks affectionately of the subsequent time when he was well past it all and nothing had happened. Still, as we have always claimed, that rumple made of his honor the most serving of Mayors. We said at one time that he was available even to rock the baby; which was no great exaggeration of the Mayor's eagerness in that crisis to do at least some little thing for everybody. Some of us have been disposed to believe the recall impracticable. That the Election Board could stop it by insisting upon becoming a body of handwriting experts before whom perhaps no one could twice sign his name alike was really discouraging. However, we have tried to keep the spotlight upon this encouraging feature of the Mayor's increased efficiency and general usefulness under the circumstances as May.

Only the threat of recall could have done that; so it is the threat of recall, and not the recall itself, which serves. No one can deny us the threat to recall a public official. He has to trust too many people to be sure that the thing may not be done. That makes him lay awake nights, and in that sleeplessness, as an angel bard might, we appear—a could serve in thousands of little ways if we would. In this case he did. Wasn't that worth it all?

Czernin says Mr. Wilson met his Brest-Litovsk at Paris. Pretty good for a man who was only up for the third time.

## THE PERFECT GUEST.

SHE answered by return of post. The invitation of her hostess.

She caught the train she said she would.

And changed at junctions as she should.

She brought a small and lightish box. And keys belonging to the locks.

Foods, rare and rich, she did not beg. But ate the boiled, or scrambled egg.

When offered lukewarm tea, she drank it.

And did not crave an extra blanket. Nor extra pillows for her head.

She seemed to like the spare-room bed.

She brought her own self-filling pen. And always went to bed at ten.

She left no little things behind. But stories new and gossip kind.

—London Spectator.

Written for the POST-DISPATCH

by Clark McD Adams

## JUST A MINUTE

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—London Spectator.

## Many Ulsterites Favor Self-Determination in Ireland, Asserts Dunne

Member of Irish-American Committee Says British Propaganda Spread Claim That Section Is Solidly Unionist.

This is the third article by former Governor Edward F. Dunne of Illinois, in his series on the Irish-American mission's visit to Ireland and Paris. In his fourth article he will describe the treatment of Irish political prisoners by the British authorities.

By EDWARD F. DUNNE, Former Governor of Illinois.

FOLLOWING our design to visit most of the large cities and commercial centers of Ireland, and particularly Belfast, at the request of Sir William Wiseman, Lloyd George's representative, on Monday, May 5, we left Dublin for Belfast.

Quite a crowd of enthusiastic well-wishers met us at the station in the early morning as we left Dublin and smaller, but equally enthusiastic, crowds assembled at the railway stations at Drogheda, Dundalk, Balbriggan and other towns between Dublin and Belfast.

At each stop of the train we were greeted with cries of "Up the Republic" and the waving of the orange, white and green tricolor of the Irish republic. The countryside along the railroad presented as a rule the aspect of rich, fertile country, of the warm, green verdure peculiar to the land, mostly devoted to grazing, except near Belfast, where flax and other farm tillage was in evidence. All along the railway, both in Ulster as well as Leinster, we noted the evidence of depopulation in abandoned homes and the crumbling walls of forsaken cottages.

In Belfast we were greeted by enthusiastic republicans, 200 or 300 in number, and were escorted to a hotel, where a numerous and enthusiastic luncheon was spread for our entertainment.

While at the hotel we endeavored to get into contact by telephone with the Mayor of the city, the president of the Board of Trade and other large commercial institutions, but failed to make appointments.

Visit Big Shipyard.

After luncheon we were driven to the immense shipbuilding plant of Harland & Wolff, where we were courteously received and shown what we believe is one of the largest shipbuilding concerns in Europe. A large number of immense steel ships were in the stocks in course of construction and there was every evidence of extensive business prosperity in that line, although there was, as we were informed, much unrest among the laboring elements.

We also visited the extensive Gallagher tobacco works engaged in the manufacture of cigarettes, snuffs and tobacco, which employs from 2000 to 3000 men and women, where the proprietor and his representatives showed us every possible courtesy.

We were then driven through the industrial and commercial sections of the city, visited the Catholic Bishop at his home in the suburbs, where we were delightfully entertained, attended a tea at Mr. McCullough's home and were then driven to the railway station through cheering crowds waving the Irish tricolor.

The crowd around the station upon our departure from Belfast numbered thousands and was so densely packed and demonstrative that the overcoat was nearly pulled off my shoulders. Although the city of Belfast is a majority in the minority, it is a very large and determined minority as evidenced by what we saw while in the city.

Ulster Position Explained.

In discussing the Irish demand for a republic, one is frequently met with the question, "What about Ulster?" English propaganda has sedulously spread the claim that Ulster is solidly anti-republican and Unionist. What are the facts? If the city of Belfast were excluded, the overwhelming majority of the voters of Ulster are for Irish self-determination. Even including Belfast, five out of six counties of Ulster have declared for self-determination. Fifteen of the 37 members of Parliament elected from Ulster are self-determinationists. The religious differences upon which the people of Ulster have in the past been kept apart politically have been fostered and fomented by English commercialism and by men like Carson, who are not residents of Ulster. The religious antagonism, fanned by these interests and men is dying out. Most of the great patriots of Ireland who have fought and some of whom have died for Irish freedom, were Ulstermen, were Ulsterites and Protestants. The Shean brothers, Robert Emmet, Napper Tandy, John Mitchell, John Martin, Biggar, Parnell, Burt and Smith O'Brien were all nonsectarian. At every station between Belfast and Dublin upon our return that night we were greeted with much larger crowds than we met in the morning en route to Belfast, all of whom were waving the tri-color and cheering for the republic. The station in Dublin was a seething mass of humanity, and on emerging therefrom we were escorted by at least 15,000 people through the heart of the city to Fitzwilliam Square.

Among the men who crowded close to our autos we noted many wearing the American and Australian flags, and who were waving the Irish tricolor and cheering for the Irish republic. One Australian soldier stepped upon the running board of our car and shouted to the crowd: "We will soon have a republic in Australia."

At least 10,000 men remained around the building when we entered the house at Fitzwilliam Square, calling for us to appear, and Messrs. Ryan, De Valera and myself were compelled to appear at the window and address a few words to them before they would disperse.

The same scene that we witnessed the day before was repeated, both in Dublin and at every station on the measure Saturday.

Nebraska Senate Ratifies Suffrage. LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 1.—The Senate of the Nebraska Legislature yesterday, by a vote of 27 to 6, passed a joint resolution providing for ratification of the Federal woman suffrage amendment. The lower house is expected to take final action on the measure Saturday.

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## If You Had All the Diamonds in the Whole World—

How Much Would It Have Cost You to Buy Them All?  
How Big a Strong Box Would You Need to Keep Them?  
How Many Men Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Horses Would It Take to Pull Them?  
How Many Ships Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Planes Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Trains Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Cows Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Hens Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Fish Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Trees Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Mountains Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Continents Would It Take to Carry Them?  
How Many Worlds Would It Take to Carry Them?

By Walter Noble Burns.

All the diamonds mined in history and existing in the world today, as cut and polished gems were valued from the ends of the earth, the aggregate bulk would be—well, how great would you say? What would be your guess? A pile as high as the Washington monument? As vast as the pyramid of Khufu? As colossal as Pikes Peak—a great resplendent mountain towering into the heavens and burying its dazzling summit in the clouds? Strung together, would they form a girdle that Old Mother Earth might bind around her? Would there be enough to build an arch, shining bridge that would span the ocean between Europe and America?

Be good enough to hold your breath for one coruscating moment. There are, it is estimated, 46,355,747 carats of cut and polished diamonds in existence. Translated into terms of avoirdupois, they would weigh 10 1/2 tons. The total includes roughly the first diamond ever found on earth—who knows?—and the last gem picked from the chimneys of South Africa; the little twinkler that the shop-girl wears on her finger and the Koh-i-Noor that lies in Britain's crown.

All the diamonds in the world could be packed in millady's clothes chest. They could be stored in a kitchen pantry, where, in the dim light, the cook might mistake them for navy beans and attempt a purée. A vault 5 1/2 by 4 feet would contain them. They would form a pile about as high as the pile of coal the truckman dumps on the sidewalk at the basement entrance to your apartment building. If the pile were a base diameter of eight feet it would be rounded into a cone it could be five feet high. A pile of coal of equal size—and coal by every rule of chemical relationship is the diamond's first cousin—would cost about \$12. The pile of diamonds, valued at \$100 a carat, would have a value of \$4,635,574,470. If figured at current diamond prices it would be worth from three to five times that sum—perhaps \$20,000,000,000.

The World Would Build Three Railroads Around Earth. Values except as man's vanity puts value on them, worthless in the sum of human labor and achievement, mere ephemeral pleasures, the little pile of diamonds, which a good athlete could clear at a running jump, would represent a cost greater than that of a dozen of the tallest modern skyscrapers of the twentieth century. The money the world has invested in its diamonds would pay for the construction of a single-track railway three times around the earth at the equator. It would build ten Panama Canals.

The three great sources of the world's supply of diamonds have been the mines of India, Brazil and South Africa. Diamond mines in Russia have been worked intermittently for several centuries. Diamonds have been found in small quantities in British Guiana, China, Australia, Siberia and the United States. The output of the Brazilian and South African mines can be determined with an approach to accuracy by government statistics. No figures have been kept, except in recent years, of the Indian production. Estimates of the Indian yield must be based purely on deductions from information regarding the extent of mining operations in that country. The quantity of diamonds in the treasures of native Princes, and the distribution of the stones in the ancient world.

Here are some carefully computed figures which may be regarded as an approximation of the total output of rough diamonds during the world's history:

| Country        | Carats      |
|----------------|-------------|
| India          | 50,000,000  |
| Brazil         | 15,000,000  |
| South Africa   | 170,574,374 |
| Russia         | 1,000,000   |
| British Guiana | 50,000      |
| Australia      | 150,000     |
| China          | 2,000       |
| Siberia        | 500         |
| United States  | 500         |
| Total          | 236,777,374 |

The total carat weight of rough diamonds is \$3.45 tons avoirdupois, or only about 50 per cent of rough diamonds are cut in jewels. The remainder of the output of the mines is lost or carbonized—crystallized carbon used for mechanical and industrial purposes. With only 50 per cent of rough diamonds employed for gem purposes, the total is reduced to 118,388,687 carats.

But this does not end the equation. Diamonds in being transformed into jewels in the cutting and polishing process lose about 60 per cent of their weight. There remains then only 40 per cent of 118,388,687 carats as the total output of the world's mines in cut and polished gems. This is 47,355,474 carats.

All the diamonds of the world would be so far in time and the elements are concerned, are practically unobtainable. The gem that sparkles in the finger of a woman in New York or Chicago today may have been some beauty in the train of a king watching a combat of gladiators; or have shimmered in the sky hair of an odalisque in the harem of a sultan at Samarra; or some diamond in a scabbard to come from the cave of the earth's

## SOME REAL AMERICAN FASHIONS



Women should appear smart in their golfing costumes and this one is exquisite and very comfortable. The coat is of a warm yellow, striped with turquoise. The skirt is of white flannel with a row of pearl buttons down the side.

Suit of gray silk Jersey cloth with gold angora trimming, and a smart cape back.

One of the newest things in fashions is a dress made of that old despoiled fabric—satin. It is really stunning. The color is a warm yellow and the embroidery is in brown and tan. The ribbons are blue. The little hat is sheer cream lace. It is really a wonderful innovation.

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## THE SANDMAN STORY FOR TONIGHT

By MRS. P. A. WALKER.  
The White Sisters.

THE three White Sisters were three white ducks and the other barnyard animals had given them this name because they were all white.

They lived peacefully with the turkeys and hens until Madam White Hen came to the barnyard to live, and being all white herself she did not like to have a rival, to say nothing of having three.

Madam White Hen fussed and fumed and made it so uncomfortable that at last Mr. Rooster, who could not afford to displease Madam White Hen because she laid such fine big eggs, began to pick on the White Sisters and drove them out of the barnyard.

So all day they would waddle around behind the barnyard or swim in the pond, and the barnyard animals saw them no more.

Madam White Hen was now the only white fowl in the yard, and she grew to be very proud and boastful.

One morning she was cackling so loudly that some one asked if she had laid larger eggs than usual, and Madam White Hen told them to look in the nest which she intended to return to as soon as she had finished cackling.

Everyone ran, and there was a nest full of the biggest eggs they had ever seen. "But they somehow look larger than hen's eggs!" said Madam White Hen.

## He Sings 'Yank, Yank, Yank'

WHEN the nutcrackers call it sounds as if they were saying, "Yank, yank, yank," and this is true both of the white-breasted and the red-breasted birds of this species, says the American Forestry Association, of Washington, which is conducting the national bird-house building contest for school children that is arousing much interest. These birds have a clever manner of cracking nuts. They will wedge them in the crevices of bark on the tree and then peck at them with their bills until the nut is opened. Woodpeckers use their tails for support as they climb the trunk of a tree, but the nutcrackers usually climb with their head down and their tail pointed toward the zenith.

Raspberry vinegar or lime juice added to cool water makes a delicious hot-weather drink, and then there is the old-fashioned mead, which can be made at home, and is a specially good thirst quencher.



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## THE ROOM WITH THE TASSELS

By Carolyn Wells,  
Author of "The Bride of a Moment," "Faulkner's Folly," Etc.

CHAPTER VI (Continued).

VERNIE laughingly gave the required promise, but it did not weigh heavily on her conscience, for no sooner had Braye really gone than she confided to Mr. Tracy her indecision regarding the keeping of her word.

"Of course you'll keep your promise," and Tracy regarded her seriously. "Nice people consider a spoken word inviolable. I know you, Vernie; you like to talk at random, but I think you're an honorable nature."

So Vernie said nothing more to him but she confided in Eve Carnforth her intention of sleeping in the Tasseled Room that very night.

Eve did not discourage her, and promised to tell no one.

The plan was easily carried out. As it was understood no one was sleeping in the haunted room, no special precautions were taken, save the usual locking up against outside intruders. And after the great locks and bolts were fastened on doors and windows, it would have been a clever burglar indeed who could have effected an entrance to Black Aspens.

The evening had been pleasantly spent. Some trials of the Ouija board, a favorite diversion, had produced no interesting results, and rather early they all retired.

At midnight, Vernie softly rose, and went downstairs alone in the darkness. A night lamp in the upper hall gave a faint glimmer below stairs, but after the girl turned into the great hall the dark was almost impenetrable.

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Feeling her way, she came to the door of the room, softly entered it and walked in. Passing her hands along the walls and the familiar furnishings she found the bed and lay down upon it. Her heart beat fast with excitement but not with fear. She felt a thrill of hope that the ghost would appear after the thrill of apprehension lest it should!

She had left the door to the hall open, and though it could scarcely be called light, there was a mitigation of the darkness near the door. A not unpleasant drowsiness overcame her, and she half slept, waking every time the clock struck in the hall.

At three, she smiled to herself, realizing that she was there, in the Room with the Tassels, and felt no fear. "I hope something comes at four," she thought sleepily, and closed her eyes again.

One—two—three—four—boomed the hall clock.

Vernie opened her eyes, only half conscious, and yet able to discern a strange chill in the air. Between her and the open door stood a tall gaunt shape, merely a shadow, for it was too dark to discern details. Her calm forsook her; she shivered violently, unable to control her muscles.

Her teeth chattered, her knees knocked together, and her hair seemed to rise from her head.

Yet she could make no sound. Vainly she tried to scream, to shriek, but her dry throat was constricted as with an iron band.

Her eyes burned in their sockets, yet she was powerless to shut them. They seemed suddenly to possess an uncanny ability to pierce the darkness.

Clutching the bedclothing, she tried to draw it over her head, but her paralyzed arms refused to move. Nearer, slowly nearer, the thing came, and horror reached its climax.

(To Be Continued Tomorrow.)

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Icing cannot destroy the rich, appetizing flavor of this excellent blend.

Order from your dealer in one or three pound canisters.

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SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI

**OLD JUDGE Coffee**  
ROASTED & PACKED BY MEYER BROS. COFFEE & SPICE CO. ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

### OLD JUDGE Coffee

Settles the Question



## City Golf Tourney Starts Tomorrow With Medal Play

or 50 Entrants Are From the  
Forest Park Golf Club.

play in the qualifying round tomorrow of the city amateur championship tournament over the municipal course in Forest Park. Of this number about seven of the players are

However, inasmuch as Clarence Wolff, the present champion; Chris Kenney, former District champion; Richard Bockenkamp, James Manion, Frank Lynch and other stars are included in the competition, the play may still be considered a city championship.

Rosen, Roger Lord, Eddie Limberg and other players who annually play will be unable to compete for various reasons. The Stickney brothers, Rosen, and Limberg are out of the city. They have written to the club

that they will be unable to compete Lord yesterday informed President E. J. Snowden that he had in vain made every effort to leave his business long enough to play.

The entrants for tomorrow's play were allowed to select any time for qualifying that they preferred. Some will leave the initial tee early in the

**Midland Valley Handicap.**  
Other competition for this week end will be held at the Midland Valley and the Bellerive Country Clubs. The semi-final round of the midsummer handicap will engage the players of the former club. Pairings are as follows: Championship class—Smith

—Bowman vs. Dienst. Midhill vs. Butts. Class B—Evans vs. Owen. Whipple vs. Crandall. Class C—Bruser vs. Fay. Dwyer vs. Welle.

At Bellerive the attraction will be the second round of play in the Directors' cup tourney.

net Hill, Triple A. and Forest Park Golf Club, has written to the last named organization inquiring whether he could represent it at the National Amateur tourney, to be held at the Oakmont Club, Pittsburgh, this month. Limberg was not certain whether his membership was still in effect.

Richard Boeckenkamp and James Manion will compose the club's delegation to the Smoky City.

•

**Wisconsin Golf Star Beaten.**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 1.—August Jonas, Wisconsin State golf champion,

the 1919 title play-by P. M. Davis, a veteran of the Blue Mound Country Club, who, however, in turn was also set down by Earl Studley of Racine.

G. M. Guilbert blasted A. H. Pfaff's chances of competing in the semi-finals when he won after a gruelling match.

"If you're  
the man  
whose collar  
does not fit,  
I want to see  
..11

**Wm. P.  
McKnight**  
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**Wm. P. McKnight**  
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**Be Sure You Have  
the Right Address**

[illegible]







# MORE TRUTH THAN POETRY

By James J. Montague.



## EXPERIENCE.

"Adam had no history, and he got along pretty well."—Henry Ford.

When Adam first went courting Eve  
The sex was swathed in mystery.  
He knew not how the jades deceive—  
He hadn't any history.  
He could not know that any maid  
Could love a man, could sigh to him,  
Could kiss him, 'neath a fig tree's shade,  
And subsequently lie to him.

No tales nor novels could he find  
Of maids in huts or palaces  
To give poor Adam any kind  
Of basis for analysis!  
He'd never heard of Borgias, who  
Would poison, stab, or smother one.  
He thought his girl was quite true blue—  
He'd never known another one.

So when she held the apple out  
He promptly took a bite of it,  
And never had the slightest doubt  
About the wrong or right of it.  
And though the serpent chuckled low  
Down in the knavish throat of him,  
The luckless Adam did not know  
That Eve had made a goat of him.

Thus Adam fell for woman then  
Was shrouded round with mystery.  
Unlike us more enlightened men,  
He had no help from history.  
We've read in wise and learned books  
What many a maid and matron did,  
Yet just the same we get the hooks,  
Exactly as old Adam did.



**NO NEED OF WASTING TEM.**  
It would be foolish to destroy the  
idle bees and whisky barrels. With  
clothes at present prices, a lot of us  
will soon need a few good barrels to  
hang in our wardrobes for emergency  
use.

**AND IT WILL BE FILLED, TOO.**  
The church of the future will have  
a golf course adjoining, and pull off  
matches after every service.

**THE HARDEST JOB OF HIS LIFE.**  
The former Kaiser has quit sawing  
wood. He is sticking in the house  
trying to think up an alibi.  
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## Getting On.

"How did that actress ever secure  
an engagement, I wonder?"  
"Why, didn't you read about it?"  
She applied to a manager who refused  
to listen to her and she shot  
him. Then she had several offers."  
—Florida Times-Union.

## Out of His Line.

It was one of those rare occasions  
when Attorney Guernsey lost a case  
and he wasn't feeling so very happy  
over it.  
"Your profession doesn't make an-  
gels out of men, does it?" said a  
medical friend, teasingly.  
"No," snapped Lou, "that's one  
thing we leave to you doctors!"  
—University Kansas.

## PENNY ANTE—Ladies' Night.

By Jean Knott



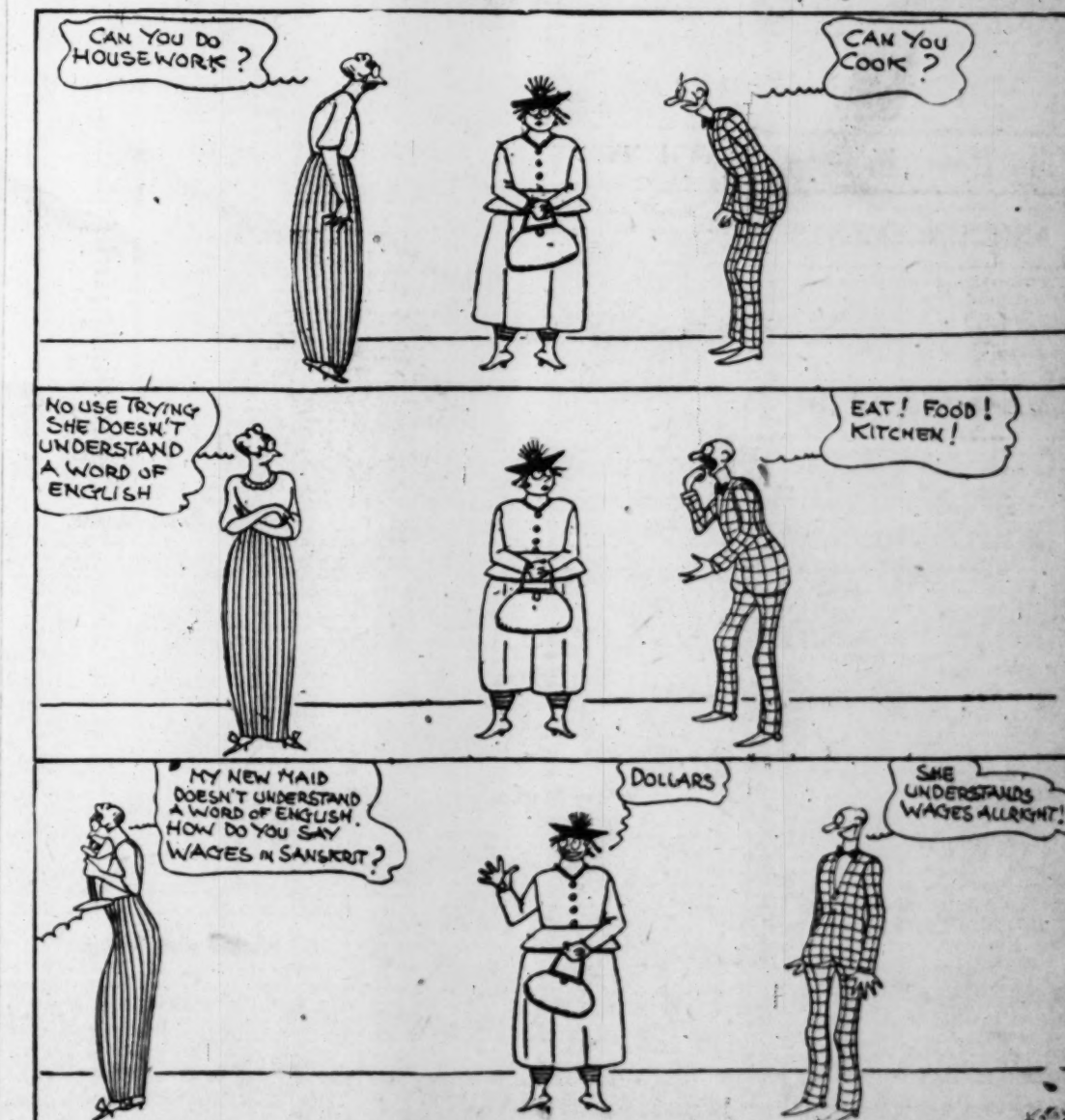
## Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out



## SUCH IS LIFE.

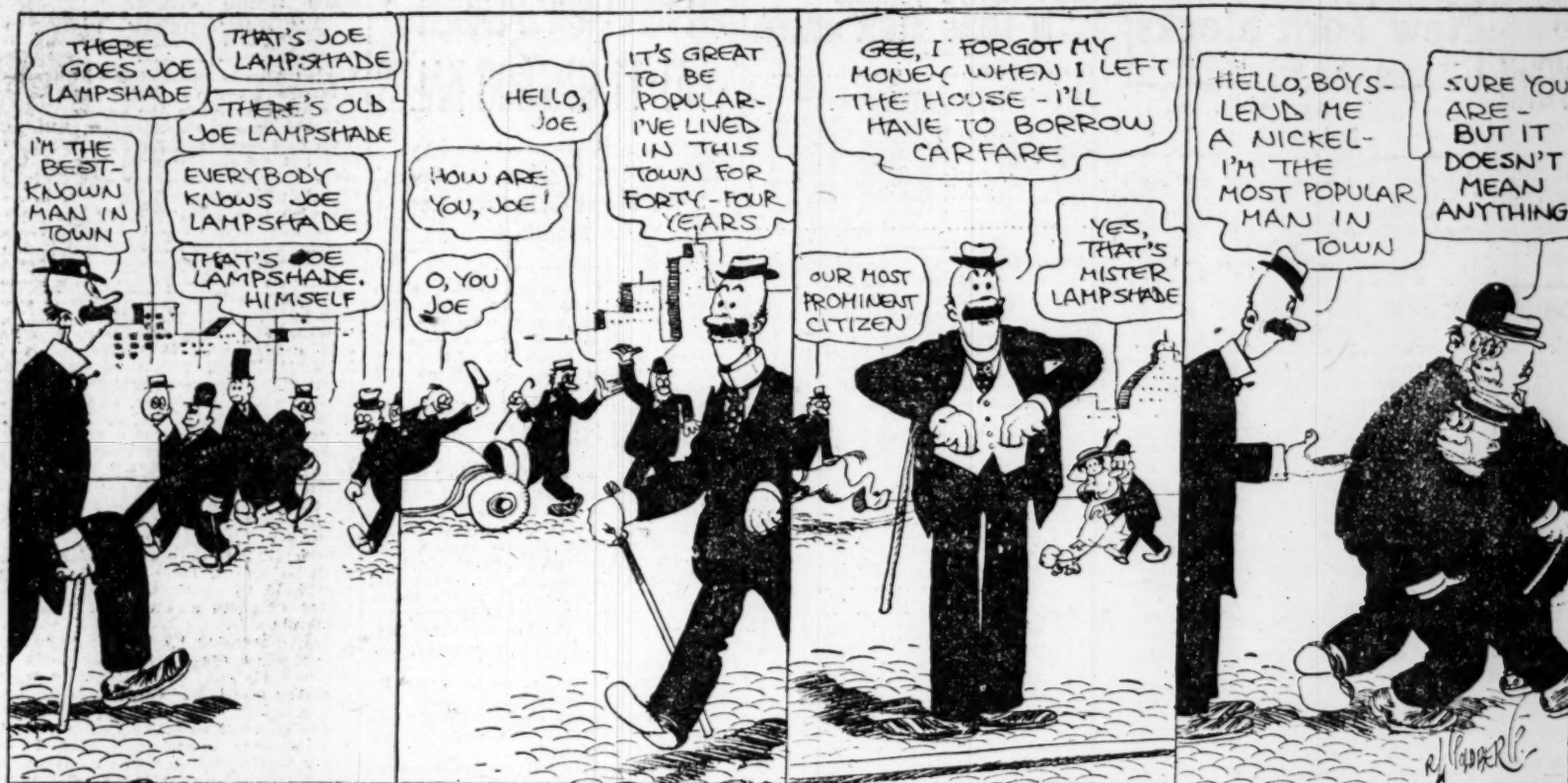
(Copyright, 1919.)

By Maurice Ketten

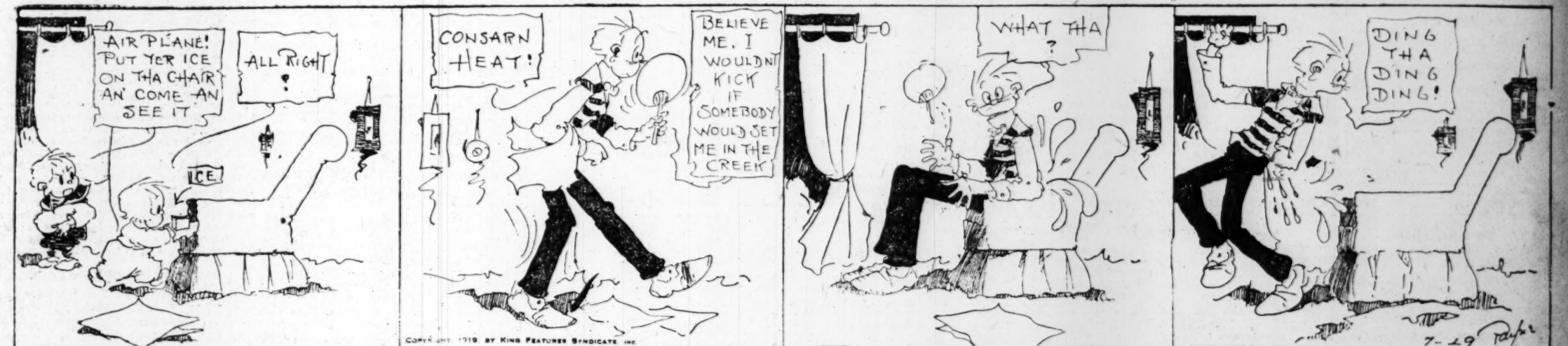


## BUT IT DOESN'T MEAN ANYTHING—By GOLDBERG

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R. L. Goldberg



## "SAY, POP!"—FOR A MOMENT POP THOUGHT HIS WISH HAD COME TRUE—By C. M. PAYNE



## MUTT AND JEFF—MUTT'S GOTTA TRAVEL SOME TO EQUAL GEORGE'S RECORD—By BUD FISHER

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